SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011

Commission File No. 0-25969

RADIO ONE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

52-1166660

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5900 Princess Garden Parkway, 7th Floor Lanham, Maryland 20706 (Address of principal executive offices)

(301) 306-1111 Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Class A Common Stools © 001 Den Volvo	2 222 012
Class	Outstanding at May 9, 2011
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of	of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company as define	ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Yes □ No ☑
Large accelerated filer □ Accelera	ated filer □ Non-accelerated filer ☑
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer
•	cally and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter \square No \square
	quired to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing
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Cluss	outstanding at May 2, 2011
Class A Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value	2,828,912
Class B Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value	2,861,843
Class C Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value	3,121,048
Class D Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value	44,204,847

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CERTAIN DEFINITIONS

Unless otherwise noted, throughout this report, the terms "Radio One," "the Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to Radio One, Inc. together with its subsidiaries.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements do not relay historical facts, but rather reflect our current expectations concerning future operations, results and events. All statements other than statements of historical fact are "forward-looking statements" including any projections of earnings, revenues or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management for future operations; any statements concerning proposed new services or developments; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements of belief; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. You can identify some of these forward-looking statements by our use of words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "likely," "may," "estimates" and similar expressions. You can also identify a forward-looking statement in that such statements discuss matters in a way that anticipates operations, results or events that have not already occurred but rather will or may occur in future periods. We cannot guarantee that we will achieve any forward-looking plans, intentions, results, operations or expectations. Because these statements apply to future events, they are subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond our control that could cause actual results to differ materially from those forecasted or anticipated in the forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and factors include (in no particular order), but are not limited to:

- the effects of global financial and economic conditions, credit and equity market volatility and continued fluctuations in the U.S. economy may continue to have on our business and financial condition and the business and financial condition of our advertisers;
- continued fluctuations in the economy could negatively impact our ability to meet our cash needs and our ability to maintain compliance with our debt covenants;
- fluctuations in the demand for advertising across our various media given the current economic environment;
- our relationship with a significant customer has changed and we no longer have a guaranteed level of revenue from that customer;
- risks associated with the implementation and execution of our business diversification strategy including our recent ownership interest in TV One;
- increased competition in our markets and in the radio broadcasting and media industries;
- changes in media audience ratings and measurement technologies and methodologies;
- regulation by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") relative to maintaining our broadcasting licenses, enacting media ownership rules and enforcing of indecency rules;
- · changes in our key personnel and on-air talent;
- increases in the costs of our programming, including on-air talent and content acquisitions costs;
- financial losses that may be incurred due to provisioning for income taxes and impairment charges against our broadcasting licenses, goodwill and other intangible assets, particularly in light of the current economic environment;
- · increased competition from new media and technologies;
- the impact of our acquisitions, dispositions and similar transactions; and
- other factors mentioned in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") including the factors discussed in detail in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," contained in this report.

You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect our views as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements because of new information, future events or otherwise.

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended March				
		2011		2010	
		(Unau	dite	ited)	
	(I	n thousands, dat		ept share	
NET REVENUE	\$	65,045	\$	59,018	
OPERATING EXPENSES:		,.		,.	
Programming and technical		18,883		18,585	
Selling, general and administrative, including stock-based compensation of \$164 and \$402, respectively		28,520		23,007	
Corporate selling, general and administrative, including stock-based compensation of \$773 and \$1,611, respectively		8,022		8,896	
Depreciation and amortization		4,099		4,721	
Total operating expenses		59,524		55,209	
Operating income		5,521		3,809	
INTEREST INCOME		8		25	
INTEREST EXPENSE		19,333		9,235	
LOSS ON RETIREMENT OF DEBT		7,743			
EQUITY IN INCOME OF AFFILIATED COMPANY		3,079		909	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), net		25		(477)	
Loss before provision for (benefit from) income taxes, noncontrolling interests in (loss) income of subsidiaries and					
income from discontinued operations		(18,443)		(4,969)	
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAXES		45,619		(309)	
Net loss from continuing operations		(64,062)		(4,660)	
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, net of tax		20		63	
NET LOSS		(64,042)		(4,597)	
NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		203		(29)	
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO RADIO ONE, INC.	\$	(64,245)	\$	(4,568)	
BASIC AND DILUTED NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO RADIO ONE, INC.:					
Continuing operations	\$	(1.23)	\$	(0.09)	
Discontinued operations, net of tax		(0.00)		(0.00)	
Net loss attributable to Radio One, Inc.	\$	(1.23)	\$	(0.09)	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING:					
Basic	5	2,117,552		50,844,148	
Diluted	5	2,117,552	_	50,844,148	
	_	,,2		. , ,	

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 33.817 \$ 9.919 Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,480 and \$3,023, respectively 4.569 6.80 Prepaid expenues 4.569 6.80 Churrent assets 1.203 1.575 Current assets from discontinued operations 64 6 Total current assets 8,965 76,15 ROPMENT AND EQUIPMENT, net 32,484 33,46 GOODWILL 121,414 212,441 RADIO BROADCASTING LICENSES 678,69 76,869 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net 35,174 40,03 INVESTIMENT IN AFFILLATED COMPANY 5,455 4,747 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 2,215 1,98 Total assets \$ 1,007,427 \$ 999,21 CURRENT LIABILITIES. CURRENT LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable 9,494 10,72 Accounts payable 2,63 1,67 Other current liabilities 3,23 1,67 Current priso		As of				
CURRENT ASSETS		- 1	March 31, 2011	Γ	December 31, 2010	
CURRENT ASSETS SASETS SASTETS SASETS SASETS SASTETS SASETS SASETS SASETS SASTETS SASETS SASTETS SASETS SASTETS SASTET		_		_		
CURRENT ASSETS: S 33,817 S 5,19 The dae counts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,480 and \$3,023, respectively				xce	pt share data)	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 33.817 \$ 9.919 Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,480 and \$3,023, respectively 4.569 6.80 Prepaid expenues 4.569 6.80 Churrent assets 1.203 1.575 Current assets from discontinued operations 64 6 Total current assets 8,965 76,15 ROPMENT AND EQUIPMENT, net 32,484 33,46 GOODWILL 121,414 212,441 RADIO BROADCASTING LICENSES 678,69 76,869 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net 35,174 40,03 INVESTIMENT IN AFFILLATED COMPANY 5,455 4,747 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 2,215 1,98 Total assets \$ 1,007,427 \$ 999,21 CURRENT LIABILITIES. CURRENT LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable 9,494 10,72 Accounts payable 2,63 1,67 Other current liabilities 3,23 1,67 Current priso	ASSETS					
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,480 and \$3,023, respectively	CURRENT ASSETS:					
Pepal de genenes	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,817	\$	9,192	
Other current assets foun discontinued operations 64 66 Current assets from discontinued operations 86,965 76,15 Total current assets 86,965 76,15 ROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net 32,484 33,46 GOODWILL (121,414 121,41 RADIO BROADCASTING LICENSES 678,697 678,697 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net 33,174 40,03 INVESTMENT IN APELIATED COMPANY 50,455 47,47 OTHER RINTANGIBLE ASSETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 23 100,742 Total assets 1,007,427 999,21 CURRENT LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accruaci ninerest Accruaci ninerest Accruaci ninerest 4,860 18,40 Accruaci ninerest 3,59 11,77 Current portion of long-term debt 3,59 11,77 Current fabilities 32,38 <t< td=""><td>Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,480 and \$3,023, respectively</td><td></td><td>47,312</td><td></td><td>58,511</td></t<>	Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,480 and \$3,023, respectively		47,312		58,511	
Current assets from discontinued operations	Prepaid expenses		4,569		6,809	
TOAL CURRENT AND EQUIPMENT, net 32,484 33,466 32,484 33,466 32,484 33,466 32,484 33,466 32,484 33,466 32,484 33,466 32,484 33,466 32,484 33,466 33,174 32,144 33,466 33,174 32,144 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 32,134 33,174 33,	Other current assets		1,203		1,572	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net 32,484 33,46 GOODWILL 121,414 121,414 121,414 RADIO BROADCASTING LICENSES 678,697 678,69	Current assets from discontinued operations		64		67	
121,44 1	Total current assets		86,965		76,151	
RADIO BROADCASTING LICENSES 578, 697 5	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		32,484		33,460	
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net 35,174 40,03 INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANY 50,455 47,47 OTHER ASSETS 2,215 1,98 NON-CURKENT ASSETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 2.3 2.7 Total assets \$ 1,007,427 \$ 999,21 CURRENT LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accured interest \$ 1,673 \$ 3,01 Accured einterest \$ 5,695 4,555 Accured compansation and related benefits 9,494 10,72 Income taxes payable \$ 2,595 4,555 Accured interest \$ 3,599 11,72 Other current liabilities \$ 3,599 11,72 Urrent portion of long-term debt 4,860 18,40 Current portion of long-term debt 4,860 18,40 Current portion of fiscontinued operations 50 11 Current portion of fiscontinued operations 50 11 Current portion of fiscontinued operations 50 15 OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES 9,572 10,93	GOODWILL		121,414		121,414	
INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANY	RADIO BROADCASTING LICENSES		678,697		678,697	
OTHER ASSETS 2,215 1,98 NON-CURRENT ASSETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS 2.21 2.22 Total assets \$ 1,007,427 \$ 9999,21 CURRENT LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounde interest \$ 1,673 \$ 3.01 Accounde ompensation and related benefits 9,494 10,72 Income taxes payable 2,253 1,67 Other current liabilities 9,359 11,72 Current portion of long-term debt 4,860 18,40 Current portion of long-term debt 4,860 1.8 CONG-TERM DEBT, net of current portion and original issue discount 667,769 26,382 OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES 9,572 10,93 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES 31,4413 89,399 Total isbilities 31,4413 89,399 Total liabilities 31,4413 89,399 Total liabilities 31,269 30,63 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: Commentise preferred stock, 5,001 par value, 10,00,000 shar	OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net		35,174		40,036	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS \$ 1,007,427 \$ 999,217	INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANY		50,455		47,470	
Total assets	OTHER ASSETS		2,215		1,981	
CURRENT LIABILITIES.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		23		3	
CURRENT LIABILITIES.	Total assets	\$	1,007,427	\$	999,212	
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable \$ 1,673 \$ 3,01 Accrued interest 5,695 4,555 Accrued compensation and related benefits 9,494 10,72 Income taxes payable 2,253 1,67 Other current liabilities 3,359 11,72 Income taxes payable 2,253 1,67 Other current liabilities 4,860 18,40 Current portion of long-tern debt 4,860 18,40 Current protrion of long-tern debt 4,860 18,40 Current liabilities from discontinued operations 50 1 Total current liabilities 32,384 50,099 OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current portion and original issue discount 667,769 623,82 OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES 9,572 10,93 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES 134,413 89,399 Total liabilities 844,138 774,24 REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS 31,269 30,63 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: 5 Conwentible preferred stock, 5,001 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized; no shares outstanding at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively 3 Common stock — Class A, 8,001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 2,828,912 and 2,863,912 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively 3 Common stock — Class B, 8,001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 2,828,912 and 2,863,912 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2011 on December 31, 2010, respectively 3 Common stock — Class B, 8,001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 2,861,843 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2011 on December 31, 2010, respectively 3 Common stock — Class C, 5,001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 45,576,082 and 45,541,082 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2011 on December 31, 2010, respectively 45 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,		÷		_		
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Current portion of long-term debt 4,860 18,40 Current liabilities from discontinued operations 50 11 Total current liabilities 32,384 50,099 LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current portion and original issue discount 667,769 623,822 OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES 9,572 10,93 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES 134,413 89,392 Total liabilities 844,138 774,24 REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS 31,269 30,63 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: - - Convertible preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized; no shares outstanding at March - - 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 - - - Common stock — Class A, \$.001 par value, 30,000,000 shares authorized; 2,828,912 and - - 2,863,912 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively 3 - Common stock — Class B, \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 3,121,048 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively 3 - Common stock — Class D, \$.001 par value, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 45,576,082 and					11,725	
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Total stockholders' equity 132,020 194,33:						
· · · — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		_		_	·	
	Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests and stockholders' equity	\$	1,007,427	\$	· ·	

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

	Converti Preferr Stock	ed	Stock	Common Stock Class B	Stock			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
							(In thousand	ls)			
BALANCE, as of							`	,			
December 31, 2010	\$	_	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 45		\$ (1,424)	\$ 994,750	\$ (799,045)	\$ 194,335
Comprehensive			ψ <i>3</i>	ψ <i>3</i>	ψ <i>3</i>	ψ 73		ψ (1,424)	14 777,730	\$ (799,043)	φ 174,333
loss:											
Net loss		_	_	_	_	_	\$ (64,245)) —	_	(64,245)	(64,245)
Change in unrealized loss on derivative and hedging activities, net										, ,	
of taxes			_	_		_		158		_	158
Termination of interest rate swap Comprehensive		_	_			_		1,266	_	_	1,266
loss							\$ (64,245))			
Stock-based compensation expense		_	_	. <u>-</u>	. <u> </u>	_	. (04,243)	_	937	_	937
Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to estimated redemption									(42.)		(12)\h
value		=							(431)		(431)
BALANCE, as of March 31, 2011	\$	_	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 45		<u>\$</u>	\$995,256	\$ (863,290)	\$ 132,020

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months En	nded March 31,	
	2011	2010	
	(Unauc	ıdited)	
	(In thou	sands)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net loss	(64,042)	(4,597)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	4,099	4,721	
Amortization of debt financing costs	1,591	612	
Write off of debt financing costs	<u> </u>	645	
Deferred income taxes	45,042	(383)	
Equity in income of affiliated company	(3,079)	(909)	
Stock-based compensation	937	2,013	
Non-cash interest	6,520	_	
Loss on retirement of debt	7,743		
Effect of change in operating assets and liabilities, net of assets acquired:			
Trade accounts receivable	11,199	(463)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,609	(752)	
Other assets	98	553	
Accounts payable	(1,338)	(2,059)	
Accrued interest	425	(5,548)	
Accrued compensation and related benefits	(1,226)	1,381	
Income taxes payable	582	(31)	
Other liabilities	(3,471)	3,751	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations	22	(62)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) by operating activities	7,711	(1,128)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,812)	(1,072)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,812)	(1,072)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(=,,,,	
Proceeds from credit facility, net of original issue discount	378,280	_	
Repayment of credit facility	(353,681)	(4,502)	
Debt refinancing and modification costs	(5,873)	(3,303)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	18,726	(7,805)	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	24,625	(10,005)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	9,192	19,963	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 33,817	\$ 9,958	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:			
Cash paid (received) for:	d 10 = 2 =	A 14.1=1	
Interest	\$ 10,797	\$ 14,171	
Income taxes, net	\$ (6)	\$ 106	

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

(a) Organization

Radio One, Inc. (a Delaware corporation referred to as "Radio One") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") is an urban-oriented, multi-media company that primarily targets African-American consumers. Our core business is our radio broadcasting franchise that is the largest radio broadcasting operation that primarily targets African-American and urban listeners. We currently own 53 broadcast stations located in 16 urban markets in the United States. While our primary source of revenue is the sale of local and national advertising for broadcast on our radio stations, our operating strategy is to operate the premier multi-media entertainment and information content provider targeting African-American consumers. Thus, we have diversified our revenue streams by making acquisitions and investments in other complementary media properties. Our other media interests include our approximately 45% (as of March 31, 2011 but see Note 14 - *Subsequent Events*) ownership interest in TV One, LLC ("TV One"), an African-American targeted cable television network that we invested in with an affiliate of Comcast Corporation and other investors; our 53.5% ownership interest in Reach Media, Inc. ("Reach Media"), which operates the Tom Joyner Morning Show; our ownership of Interactive One, LLC ("Interactive One"), an online platform serving the African-American community through social content, news, information, and entertainment, which operates a number of branded sites, including News One, UrbanDaily and HelloBeautiful; and our ownership of Community Connect, LLC (formerly Community Connect Inc.) ("CCI"), an online social networking company, which operates a number of branded websites, including BlackPlanet, MiGente and Asian Avenue. CCI is included within the operations of Interactive One. Through our national multi-media presence, we provide advertisers with a unique and powerful delivery mechanism to the African-American and urban audience.

In December 2009, the Company ceased publication of our urban-themed lifestyle periodical, Giant Magazine. The remaining assets and liabilities of this publication have been classified as discontinued operations as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and the publication's results from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, have been classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

As part of our consolidated financial statements, consistent with our financial reporting structure and how the Company currently manages its businesses, we have provided selected financial information on the Company's two reportable segments: (i) Radio Broadcasting; and (ii) Internet. (See Note 10 – Segment Information.)

(b) Interim Financial Statements

The interim consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In management's opinion, the interim financial data presented herein include all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations.

Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year. This Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(c) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 consisted of cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, note payable, long-term debt and redeemable noncontrolling interests. The carrying amounts approximated fair value for each of these financial instruments as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, except for the Company's outstanding senior subordinated notes. The $6^{-3}/_8$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013 had a carrying value of \$747,000 and a fair value of approximately \$710,000 as of March 31, 2011, and a carrying value of \$747,000 and a fair value of approximately \$672,000 as of December 31, 2010. The $12^{-1}/_2$ %/15% Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016 had a carrying value of \$292.6 million and a fair value of approximately \$308.0 million as of March 31, 2011, and a carrying value of \$286.8 million and a fair value of approximately \$278.2 million as of December 31, 2010. The fair values were determined based on the trading values of these instruments as of the reporting date.

(d) Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue for broadcast advertising when a commercial is broadcast and is reported, net of agency and outside sales representative commissions, in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 605, "Revenue Recognition." Agency and outside sales representative commissions are calculated based on a stated percentage applied to gross billing. Generally, clients remit the gross billing amount to the agency or outside sales representative, and the agency or outside sales representative remits the gross billing, less their commission, to the Company. Agency and outside sales representative commissions were approximately \$6.8 million and \$6.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Interactive One currently generates the majority of the Company's internet revenue, and derives such revenue principally from advertising services, including advertising aimed at diversity recruiting. Advertising services include the sale of banner and sponsorship advertisements. Advertising revenue is recognized either as impressions (the number of times advertisements appear in viewed pages) are delivered, when "click through" purchases or leads are reported, or ratably over the contract period, where applicable. Interactive One has a diversity recruiting relationship with Monster, Inc. ("Monster"). Monster posts job listings and advertising on Interactive One's websites and Interactive One earns revenue for displaying the images on its websites.

(e) Barter Transactions

The Company provides broadcast advertising time in exchange for programming content and certain services and accounts for these exchanges in accordance with ASC 605, "Revenue Recognition." The terms of these exchanges generally permit the Company to preempt such broadcast time in favor of advertisers who purchase time in exchange for cash. The Company includes the value of such exchanges in both broadcasting net revenue and station operating expenses. The valuation of barter time is based upon the fair value of the network advertising time provided for the programming content and services received. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, barter transaction revenues were \$854,000 and \$815,000, respectively. Additionally, barter transaction costs were reflected in programming and technical expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses of \$771,000 and \$764,000 and \$83,000 and \$51,000, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(f) Comprehensive Loss

The Company's comprehensive loss consists of net loss and other items recorded directly to the equity accounts. The objective is to report a measure of all changes in equity of an enterprise that result from transactions and other economic events during the period, other than transactions with owners. The Company's other comprehensive loss consists of income on derivative instruments that qualify for cash flow hedge treatment. (See Note 6 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities.)

The following table sets forth the components of comprehensive loss:

	Thre	e Months E	nded M	arch 31,
		2011	2	010
	<u></u>	(Unau	dited)	
		(In thou	ısands)	
Net loss	\$	(64,042)	©	(4,597)
Other comprehensive income (net of tax benefit of \$0 for all periods):	Ф	(04,042)	φ	(4,371)
Derivative and hedging activities		-		134
Comprehensive loss		(64,042)		(4,463)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the noncontrolling interests		203		(29)
Comprehensive loss attributable to Radio One, Inc.	\$	(64,245)	\$	(4,434)

(g) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. The Company's potentially dilutive securities include stock options and restricted stock. Diluted earnings per share considers the impact of potentially dilutive securities except in periods in which there is a net loss, as the inclusion of the potentially dilutive common shares would have an anti-dilutive effect.

The following table sets forth the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2011 2010					
	(Unaudited)					
Numerator:						
Net loss attributable to Radio One, Inc.	\$	(64,245)	\$	(4,568)		
Denominator:						
Denominator for basic net loss per share - weighted-average outstanding shares		52,117,552		50,844,148		
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Stock options and restricted stock		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Denominator for diluted net loss per share - weighted-average outstanding shares		52,117,552		50,844,148		
Net loss attributable to Radio One, Inc. per share - basic	\$	(1.23)	\$	(0.09)		
Net loss attributable to Radio One, Inc. per share - diluted	\$	(1.23)	\$	(0.09)		

All stock options and restricted stock were excluded from the diluted calculation as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. The following table summarizes the potential common shares excluded from the diluted calculation.

Three Months Ended March 31,	Three Months I
2011 2010	2011
(Unaudited) (In thousands)	`
5,111 5,404	5,111
2,260 3,592	2,260

(h) Fair Value Measurements

We report our financial and non-financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis under the provisions of ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

The fair value framework requires the categorization of assets and liabilities into three levels based upon the assumptions (inputs) used to price the assets or liabilities. Level 1 provides the most reliable measure of fair value, whereas Level 3 generally requires significant management judgment. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that can be accessed at measurement date.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than those included in Level 1. For example, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs reflecting management's own assumptions about the inputs used in pricing the asset or liability.

As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the fair values of our financial liabilities are categorized as follows:

	 Total	Level 1 Lev (Unaudited) (In thousands)		vel 2	L	evel 3	
As of March 31, 2011 Liabilities subject to fair value measurement: Employment agreement award (b)	\$ 6,784	\$		\$		\$	6,784
Mezzanine equity subject to fair value measurement: Redeemable noncontrolling interests (c)	\$ 31,269	\$		\$		\$	31,269
As of December 31, 2010 Liabilities subject to fair value measurement: Interest rate swaps (a) Employment agreement award (b) Total	\$ 1,426 6,824 8,250	\$	_ 	\$	1,426 — 1,426	\$	6,824 6,824
Mezzanine equity subject to fair value measurement: Redeemable noncontrolling interests (c)	\$ 30,635	\$		\$		\$	30,635

- (a) Based on London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR").
- (b) Pursuant to an employment agreement (the "Employment Agreement") executed in April 2008, the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") is eligible to receive an award amount equal to 8% of any proceeds from distributions or other liquidity events in excess of the return of the Company's aggregate investment in TV One. The Company reviews the factors underlying this award at the end of each quarter including the valuation of TV One and an assessment of the probability that the employment agreement will be renewed and contain this provision. The Company's obligation to pay the award will be triggered only after the Company's recovery of the aggregate amount of its capital contribution in TV One and only upon actual receipt of distributions of cash or marketable securities or proceeds from a liquidity event with respect to the Company's membership interest in TV One. The CEO was fully vested in the award upon execution of the Employment Agreement, and the award lapses upon expiration of the Employment Agreement, or earlier if the CEO voluntarily left the Company or was terminated for cause. In calculating the fair valuation of the award, the Company utilized the value assessed for TV One in connection with the buyout of financial investors. (See Note 6 *Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*.) The Company is currently in negotiations with the Company's CEO for a new employment agreement. Until such time as his new employment agreement is executed, the terms of his April 2008 employment agreement remain in effect including eligibility for the TV One award.
- (c) Redeemable noncontrolling interest in Reach Media is measured at fair value using a discounted cash flow methodology. A third-party valuation firm assisted the Company in calculating the fair value. Significant inputs to the discounted cash flow analysis include forecasted operating results, discount rate and a terminal value.

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

	Agı	oloyment reement ward	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests		
		(In thou	sands)		
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	6,824	\$	30,635	
(Gains) Losses included in earnings (unrealized)		(40)		_	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests				203	
Change in fair value		_		431	
Balance at March 31, 2011	\$	6,784	\$	31,269	
The amount of total gains for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains relating to assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date	\$	40		_	

Gains (losses) included in earnings were recorded in the consolidated statement of operations as corporate selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis using Level 3 inputs as defined in ASC 820. These assets are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments only in certain circumstances. Included in this category are goodwill, radio broadcasting licenses and other intangible assets, net, that are written down to fair value when they are determined to be impaired. These assets were not impaired during the three months ended March 31, 2011, and therefore were not reported at fair value.

(i) Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the FASB issued ASC 105, "Generally Accepted Accounting Principles," which establishes the ASC as the source of authoritative non-SEC U.S. GAAP for non-governmental entities. ASC 105 is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The adoption of ASC 105 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued ASC 855, "Subsequent Events," which addresses accounting and disclosure requirements related to subsequent events. It requires management to evaluate subsequent events through the date the financial statements are either issued or available to be issued. In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-09, which amends ASC 855 to remove all requirements for SEC filers to disclose the date through which subsequent events are considered. The amendment became effective upon issuance. The Company has provided the required disclosures regarding subsequent events in Note 14 – Subsequent Events.

The provisions under ASC 825, "Financial Instruments," requiring disclosures about fair value of financial instruments for interim reporting periods of publicly traded companies, as well as in annual financial statements became effective for the Company during the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The additional disclosures required under ASC 825 are included in Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Effective January 1, 2009, the provisions under ASC 350, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other," related to the determination of the useful life of intangible assets and requiring additional disclosures related to renewing or extending the terms of recognized intangible assets became effective for the Company. The adoption of these provisions did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted an accounting standard update from the Emerging Issues Task Force consensus regarding the accounting for contingent consideration agreements of an equity method investment and the requirement for the investor to recognize its share of any impairment charges recorded by the investee. This update to ASC 323, "Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures," requires the investor to record share issuances by the investee as if it has sold a portion of its investment with any resulting gain or loss being reflected in earnings. The adoption of this update did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(j) Liquidity and Uncertainties Related to Going Concern

On March 31, 2011, the Company entered into a new senior credit facility (the "2011 Credit Agreement"). Under the 2011 Credit Agreement, we must maintain compliance with certain financial covenants beginning June 30, 2011. Based on our current projections, we expect to be in compliance with these financial covenants over the next twelve months.

(k) Major Customer

Under agreements between the Company's owned radio stations and Radio Networks, and in accordance with ASC 605, "Revenue Recognition," the Company generated revenue through barter agreements whereby advertising time was exchanged for programming content.

Under a separate sales representation agreement between our subsidiary Reach Media, and Radio Networks (the "Sales Representation Agreement"), Reach Media was paid an annual guarantee in exchange for providing the rights to Radio Networks to sell advertising inventory on Reach Media's 108 affiliate radio stations broadcasting the Tom Joyner Morning Show. Radio Networks also served as sales representative for Reach Media's Internet advertising and special events. This agreement, which commenced in 2003, expired on December 31, 2009.

In November 2009, Reach Media entered into a new sales representation agreement (the "New Sales Representation Agreement") with Radio Networks whereby Radio Networks serves as the sales representative for the out of show portions of Reach Media's advertising inventory for the period beginning January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2012. Under the New Sales Representation Agreement, which is now commissioned based, there are no minimum guarantees on revenue. Consequently, since January 1, 2010, total revenue generated from Radio Networks has not exceeded 10% of our total revenues and we believe it is unlikely to exceed 10% of our total revenues in future periods.

(1) Redeemable noncontrolling interests

Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries that are redeemable outside of the Company's control for cash or other assets are classified as mezzanine equity and measured at the greater of estimated redemption value at the end of each reporting period or the historical cost basis of the noncontrolling interests adjusted for cumulative earnings allocations. The resulting increases or decreases in the estimated redemption amount are affected by corresponding charges against retained earnings, or in the absence of retained earnings, additional paid-in-capital.

2. ACQUISITIONS:

In February 2005, the Company acquired approximately 51% of the common stock of Reach Media for approximately \$55.8 million in a combination of approximately \$30.4 million of cash and 1,809,648 shares of the Company's Class D common stock valued at approximately \$25.4 million. A subsidiary of Citadel, Reach Media's sales representative and an investor in the company, owned a noncontrolling interest in Reach Media. In November 2009, that subsidiary sold its ownership interest to Reach Media in exchange for a \$1.0 million note due in December 2011 (See Note 7 – *Long-Term Debt*) as an inducement for Reach Media to execute a new sales representation agreement. This transaction increased Radio One's common stock interest in Reach Media to 53.5%.

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:

In December 2009, the Company ceased publication of Giant Magazine. The remaining assets and liabilities of this publication have been classified as discontinued operations as of March 31, 2011 and 2010, and the publication's results from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, have been classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The following table summarizes the operating results for Giant Magazine and all of the stations sold and classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented:

	Three	Three Months Ended March 31		
	20)11 2	2010	
		(In thousands))	
Net revenue	\$	— \$	(3)	
Station operating expenses		_	(71)	
Depreciation and amortization		_	3	
(Gain) loss on sale of assets		(20)	2	
Income before income taxes		20	63	
Provision for income taxes		<u> </u>		
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$	20 \$	63	

The assets and liabilities of these stations classified as discontinued operations in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets consisted of the following:

	A	s of
	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
	(Unaudited) (In the	ousands)
Currents assets:		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 64	<u>4</u> \$ 67
Total current assets	64	4 67
Property and equipment, net	23	3
Total assets	\$ 87	7 \$ 70
Current liabilities:		
Other current liabilities	\$ 50) \$ 12
Total current liabilities	50	12
Total liabilities	\$ 50	\$ 12

4. GOODWILL, RADIO BROADCASTING LICENSES AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Impairment Testing

In the past, we have made acquisitions whereby a significant amount of the purchase price was allocated to radio broadcasting licenses, goodwill and other intangible assets. Effective January 1, 2002, in accordance with ASC 350, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other," we do not amortize our radio broadcasting licenses and goodwill. Instead, we perform a test for impairment annually or on an interim basis when events or changes in circumstances or other conditions suggest impairment may have occurred. Other intangible assets continue to be amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. We perform our annual impairment test as of October 1 of each year.

Valuation of Broadcasting Licenses

We utilize the services of a third-party valuation firm to provide independent analysis when evaluating the fair value of our radio broadcasting licenses and reporting units, including goodwill. Fair value is estimated to be the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Effective January 1, 2002, we began using the income approach to test for impairment of radio broadcasting licenses. We believe this method of valuation to be consistent with ASC 805-20-S-99-3, "Use of the Residual Method to Value Acquired Assets Other Than Goodwill." A projection period of 10 years is used, as that is the time horizon in which operators and investors generally expect to recover their investments. When evaluating our radio broadcasting licenses for impairment, the testing is done at the unit of accounting level as determined by ASC 350, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other." In our case, each unit of accounting is a clustering of radio stations into one of our 16 geographical radio markets. Broadcasting license fair values are based on the estimated after-tax discounted future cash flows of the applicable unit of accounting assuming an initial hypothetical start-up operation which possesses FCC licenses as the only asset. Over time, it is assumed the operation acquires other tangible assets such as advertising and programming contracts, employment agreements and going concern value, and matures into an average performing operation in a specific radio market. The income approach model incorporates several variables, including, but not limited to: (i) radio market revenue estimates and growth projections; (ii) estimated market share and revenue for the hypothetical participant; (iii) likely media competition within the market; (iv) estimated start-up costs and losses incurred in the early years; (v) estimated profit margins and cash flows based on market size and station type; (vi) anticipated capital expenditures; (vii) probable future terminal values; (viii) an effective tax rate assumption; and (ix) a discount rate based on the weighted-average cost of capital for the radio broadcast industry. In calculating the discount rate, we considered: (i) the cost of equity, which includes estimates of the risk-free return, the longterm market return, small stock risk premiums and industry beta; (ii) the cost of debt, which includes estimates for corporate borrowing rates and tax rates; and (iii) estimated average percentages of equity and debt in capital structures. Since our annual October 2010 assessment, we have not made any changes to the methodology for valuing broadcasting licenses.

Below are some of the key assumptions used in the income approach model for estimating broadcasting licenses fair values for all annual and interim impairments assessments performed since January 2010.

Radio Broadcasting Licenses	(October 1, 2010
		(In millions)
Pre-tax impairment charge	\$	19.9
Discount Rate		10.0%
Year 1 Market Revenue Growth or Decline Rate or Range		1.0% -3.0%
Long-term Market Revenue Growth Rate Range (Years 6 – 10)		1.0% - 2.5%
Mature Market Share Range		0.8% - 28.3%
Operating Profit Margin Range		19.0% - 47.3%

The continued improving economy and credit markets and recovery of the advertising industry have contributed to more stable valuations for these intangible assets. In addition, there were no impairment triggering events warranting impairment testing of our radio broadcasting licenses for the three month period ended March 31, 2011.

Valuation of Goodwill

The impairment testing of goodwill is performed at the reporting unit level. We had 19 reporting units as of our October 2010 annual impairment assessment. For the purpose of valuing goodwill, the 19 reporting units consist of the 16 radio markets and three other business divisions. In testing for the impairment of goodwill, with the assistance of a third-party valuation firm, we primarily rely on the income approach. The approach involves a 10-year model with similar variables as described above for broadcasting licenses, except that the discounted cash flows are generally based on the Company's estimated and projected market revenue, market share and operating performance for its reporting units, instead of those for a hypothetical participant. We follow a two-step process to evaluate if a potential impairment exists for goodwill. The first step of the process involves estimating the fair value of each reporting unit. If the reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying value, a second step is performed as per the guidance of ASC 805-10, "Business Combinations," to allocate the fair value of the reporting unit to the individual assets and liabilities of the reporting unit in order to determine the implied fair value of the goodwill is written off as a charge to operations. We have not made any changes to the methodology for determining the fair value of our reporting units.

In February, May and August of 2010, the Company performed interim impairment testing on the valuation of goodwill associated with Reach Media. Reach Media net revenues and cash flows declined for 2010 and full year internal projections were revised. The revenues declined following the December 31, 2009 expiration of a sales representation agreement with Citadel Broadcasting Corporation ("Citadel") whereby a minimum level of revenue was guaranteed over the term of the agreement. Effective January 1, 2010, Reach Media's newly established sales organization began selling its inventory on the Tom Joyner Morning Show and under a new commission-based sales representation agreement with Citadel, which sells certain inventory owned by Reach Media in connection with its 108 radio station affiliate agreements. Management revised its internal projections for Reach Media by lowering the Year 1 revenue growth rate to 2.5% in May and August 2010, versus 16.5% assumed in the previous annual assessment. Given the relative improvement in the credit markets since late 2009, the discount rate was lowered to 13.5% for both the February and May 2010 assessments and again lowered to 13.0% for the August 2010 assessment. As part of the year end impairment testing, the discount rate was increased to 13.5% and we reduced our operating cash flow projections and assumptions compared to the interim assessments based on declining revenue projections and actual results which did not meet budget. The Company recorded an impairment charge of \$16.1 million for the quarter ended December 31, 2010.

Below are some of the key assumptions used in the income approach model for estimating the fair value for Reach Media for all interim, annual and year end assessments since January 2010. When compared to the discount rates used for assessing radio market reporting units, the higher discount rates used in these assessments reflect a premium for a riskier and broader media business, with a heavier concentration and significantly higher amount of programming content related intangible assets that are highly dependent on the on-air personality Tom Joyner. As a result of the February, May and August 2010 interim assessments, the Company concluded no impairment to the carrying value of Reach Media had occurred. During the fourth quarter of 2010, Reach Media's operating performance continued to decline, but at a decreasing rate. We believe this represented an impairment indicator and as a result, we performed a year end impairment assessment at December 31, 2010. We performed an interim impairment assessment at March 31, 2011 as Reach Media did not meet its budgeted operating cash flow for the first quarter. As a result of the March 2011 interim impairment test, the Company concluded that the carrying value of goodwill attributable to Reach Media had not been impaired.

Reach Media Goodwill (Report	nng
Unit Within the Radio Broadc	asting

Segment)	Febr	uary 28, 2010	M	ay 31, 2010	Αι	igust 31, 2010	Dec	ember 31, 2010	Ma	arch 31, 2011
Pre-tax impairment charge	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	16.1	\$	_
Discount Rate		13.5%		13.5%		13.0%		13.5%		13.5%
2010 (Year 1) Revenue Growth Rate		8.5%		2.5%		2.5%		2.5%		2.5%
Long-term Revenue Growth Rate Range		2.5% - 3.0%		2.5% - 2.9%		2.5% - 3.3%		(2.6)% - 4.4%		(1.3)% - 4.9%
Operating Profit Margin Range		22.7% - 31.4%		23.3% - 31.5%		25.5% - 31.2%		15.5% - 25.9%		16.2% - 27.4%

Goodwill Valuation Results

The table below presents the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by segment during the three month period ended March 31, 2011. The goodwill balances for each reporting unit are not disclosed so as to not make publicly available sensitive information that could potentially be competitively harmful to the Company.

	Goodwill Carrying Balances					
	As of		N	As of March 31,		
Segment	December 31, 2010	Change		2011		
		(In millions)		_		
Radio Broadcasting Segment	\$ 99.6	\$	- \$	99.6		
Internet Segment	21.8		-	21.8		
Total	\$ 121.4	\$	- \$	121.4		

Intangible Assets Excluding Goodwill and Radio Broadcasting Licenses

Other intangible assets, excluding goodwill and radio broadcasting licenses, are amortized on a straight-line basis over various periods. Other intangible assets consist of the following:

		As of				
	Marc	March 31, 2011 Decembe		Period of Amortization		
	(Un	audited)				
		(In thousands)				
Trade names	\$	17,139 \$	17,138	2-5 Years		
Talent agreement		19,549	19,549	10 Years		
Debt financing and modification costs		15,729	19,374	Term of debt		
Intellectual property		14,151	14,151	4-10 Years		
Affiliate agreements		7,769	7,769	1-10 Years		
Acquired income leases		1,282	1,282	3-9 Years		
Non-compete agreements		1,260	1,260	1-3 Years		
Advertiser agreements		6,613	6,613	2-7 Years		
Favorable office and transmitter leases		3,358	3,358	2-60 Years		
Brand names		2,539	2,539	2.5 Years		
Other intangibles		1,258	1,258	1-5 Years		
		90,647	94,291			
Less: Accumulated amortization		(55,473)	(54,255)			
Other intangible assets, net	\$	35,174 \$	40,036			

Amortization expense of intangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$1.4 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. The amortization of deferred financing costs was charged to interest expense for all periods presented. The amount of deferred financing costs included in interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$1.6 million and \$612,000, respectively.

The following table presents the Company's estimate of amortization expense for the remainder of 2011 and years 2012 through 2016 for intangible assets, excluding deferred financing costs:

	(In ti	housands)
2011 (April through December)	\$	4,083
2012	\$	5,268
2013	\$	4,723
2014	\$	4,125
2015	\$	247
2016	\$	89

Actual amortization expense may vary as a result of future acquisitions and dispositions.

5. INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANY:

In January 2004, the Company, together with an affiliate of Comcast Corporation and other investors, launched TV One, an entity formed to operate a cable television network featuring lifestyle, entertainment and news-related programming targeted primarily towards African-American viewers. At that time, we committed to make a cumulative cash investment of \$74.0 million in TV One, of which \$60.3 million had been funded as of April 30, 2007. Since December 31, 2006, the initial four year commitment period for funding the capital had been extended on a quarterly basis due in part to TV One's lower than anticipated capital needs. In connection with the redemption financing (as defined below) together with the remaining portion of the members outstanding capital contribution we funded our remaining capital commitment amount of approximately \$13.7 million on April 19, 2011 and currently anticipate no further capital commitment. In December 2004, TV One entered into a distribution agreement with DIRECTV and certain affiliates of DIRECTV became investors in TV One.

On February 25, 2011, TV One completed a privately placed debt offering of \$119 million (the "Redemption Financing"). The Redemption Financing is structured as senior secured notes bearing a 10% coupon and is due 2016. The Redemption Financing was structured to allow for continued distributions to the remaining members of TV One, including Radio One, subject to certain conditions. Subsequently, on February 28, 2011, TV One utilized \$82.4 million of the Redemption Financing to repurchase 15.4% of its outstanding membership interests from certain financial investors and 2.0% of its outstanding membership interests held by TV One management (representing approximately 50% of interests held by management). Finally, on April 25, 2011, TV One utilized the balance of the Redemption Financing to repurchase 12.4% of its outstanding membership interests from DIRECTV. These redemptions by TV One, increased Radio One's holding in TV One from 36.8% to approximately 50.9% as of April 25, 2011. Beginning in the quarter ending June 30, 2011, the Company expects to begin accounting for TV One on a consolidated basis.

The Company has recorded its investment at cost and has adjusted the carrying amount of the investment to recognize the change in the Company's claim on the net assets of TV One resulting from operating income or losses of TV One as well as other capital transactions of TV One using a hypothetical liquidation at book value approach. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company's allocable share of TV One's operating income was approximately \$3.1 million and \$909,000, respectively.

At each of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the carrying value of the Company's investment in TV One was approximately \$50.5 million and \$47.5 million, respectively, and is presented on the consolidated balance sheets as investment in affiliated company. At March 31, 2011, the Company had future contractual funding commitments of \$13.7 million and the Company's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with TV One was determined to be approximately \$64.2 million, which is the Company's carrying value of its investment plus its future contractual funding commitment. As noted above, we funded this commitment on April 19, 2011 and currently anticipate no further capital commitment.

We entered into separate network services and advertising services agreements with TV One in 2003. Under the network services agreement, we provided TV One with administrative and operational support services and access to Radio One personalities. This agreement, originally scheduled to expire in January 2009, was extended to January 2011. Under the advertising services agreement, we provided a specified amount of advertising to TV One. This agreement was also originally scheduled to expire in January 2009 and was extended to January 2011 at which time it expired. In consideration of providing these services, we have received equity in TV One, and receive an annual cash fee of \$500,000 for providing services under the network services agreement. We are currently in the process of renegotiating these agreements.

The Company is accounting for the services provided to TV One under the advertising services agreement in accordance with ASC 505-50-30, " *Equity*." As services are provided to TV One, the Company is recording revenue based on the fair value of the most reliable unit of measurement in these transactions. The most reliable unit of measurement has been determined to be the value of underlying advertising time that is being provided to TV One. The Company recognized \$373,000 and \$457,000 in revenue relating to this agreement for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Summarized unaudited financial information for our significant equity investment is reported below (in thousands, amounts represent 100% of investee financial information):

Statement of Operations	Three Months En March 31, 201 (In		
Net revenue	\$ 30),832 \$ 1	07,268
Costs and expenses	24	1,408	87,648
Earnings from continuing operations	6	,424	19,620
Net income	\$ 6	5,424 \$	19,620
Balance Sheet		As of	
	March 31, 201	1 December 31	, 2010
	(In	thousands)	
Current assets	\$ 58	,011 \$	45,074
Non-current assets	\$ 151	,092 \$ 1	16,901
Current liabilities	\$ 8	,885 \$ 1	12,894
Non-current liabilities	\$ 169	,648 \$	24,899
Equity	\$ 30	0.570 \$	24.182

6. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging," establishes disclosure requirements related to derivative instruments and hedging activities with the intent to provide users of financial statements with an enhanced understanding of: (i) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (ii) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for and its related interpretations; and (iii) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. ASC 815 requires qualitative disclosures about objectives and strategies for using derivatives, quantitative disclosures about the fair value of gains and losses on derivative instruments, and disclosures about credit-risk-related contingent features in derivative instruments.

The fair values and the presentation of the Company's derivative instruments in the consolidated balance sheets are as follows:

		Liability Derivatives							
	As of March 31, 2	2011		As of December 31	, 2010				
	(Unaudited)								
			(In tho	usands)					
	Balance Sheet Location	Fa	ir Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fai	r Value			
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:									
Interest rate swaps	Other Long-Term Liabilities		-	Other Long-Term Liabilities		1,426			
Derivatives not designated as hedging									
instruments:	<u></u>								
Employment agreement award	Other Long-Term Liabilities		6,784	Other Long-Term Liabilities		6,824			
Total derivatives		\$	6,784		\$	8,250			
						,			

The effect and the presentation of the Company's derivative instruments on the consolidated statements of operations are as follows:

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Amount of Ga Comprehensi Derivative (Effe	ve Loss on	Accumulated Other Comprehensive			Gain (Loss) in Income (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing)			
	Amou	ınt	Location Amount		ınt	Location	Am	ount	
		Th	ree Months Ended M (Unaudited) (In thousands)	arch 31,					
	2011	2010		2011	2010		2011	2010	
Interest rate swaps	\$158	\$134	Interest expense	\$(258)	\$(514)	Interest expense	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	
Derivatives Not as Hedging Ins	U	Location of C	Gain (Loss) in Income	of Derivative	e	Amount of G	` /		
	_					Three Months E	nded March 3	1,	
						2011	201)	
						(Unau	· ·		
						(In thou	ısands)		
Employment agreement av	ward	Corporate selling,	general and administra	tive expense		\$40		\$(461)	

Hedging Activities

In June 2005, pursuant to our previous Credit Agreement (as defined in Note 7 — *Long-Term Debt*), the Company entered into four fixed rate swap agreements to reduce interest rate fluctuations on certain floating rate debt commitments. One of the four \$25.0 million swap agreements expired in each of June 2007 and 2008, and 2010, respectively. The remaining \$25.0 million swap agreement was terminated on March 31, 2011 in conjunction with the March 31, 2011 retirement of our previous Credit Agreement. We have no swap agreements in connection with our current credit facilities.

Each swap agreement had been accounted for as a qualifying cash flow hedge of the Company's senior bank debt, in accordance with ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging," whereby changes in the fair market value are reflected as adjustments to the fair value of the derivative instruments as reflected on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Company's objectives in using interest rate swaps were to manage interest rate risk associated with the Company's floating rate debt commitments and to add stability to future cash flows. To accomplish this objective, the Company used interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges was recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss and subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, such derivatives were used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with existing floating rate debt commitments. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives, if any, is recognized directly in earnings.

Amounts reported in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss related to derivatives were reclassified to interest expense as interest payments were made on the Company's floating rate debt.

Under the swap agreements, the Company paid a fixed rate. The counterparties to the agreements paid the Company a floating interest rate based on the three month LIBOR, for which measurement and settlement is performed quarterly. The counterparties to these agreements were international financial institutions.

Costs incurred to execute the swap agreements were deferred and amortized over the term of the swap agreements. The amounts incurred by the Company, representing the effective difference between the fixed rate under the swap agreements and the variable rate on the underlying term of the debt, are included in interest expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Other Derivative Instruments

The Company recognizes all derivatives at fair value, whether designated in hedging relationships or not, on the balance sheet as either an asset or liability. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, depends on the intended use of the derivative and the resulting designation. If the derivative is designated as a fair value hedge, the changes in the fair value of the derivative and the hedged item are recognized in the statement of operations. If the derivative is designated as a cash flow hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative are recorded in other comprehensive income and are recognized in the statement of operations when the hedged item affects net income. If a derivative does not qualify as a hedge, it is marked to fair value through the statement of operations. Any fees associated with these derivatives are amortized over their term.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company was party to an Employment Agreement executed in April 2008 with the CEO, which called for an award that has been accounted for as a derivative instrument without a hedging relationship in accordance with the guidance under ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." Pursuant to the Employment Agreement, the CEO is eligible to receive an award amount equal to 8% of any proceeds from distributions or other liquidity events in excess of the return of the Company's aggregate investment in TV One. The Company reassessed the estimated fair value of the award at March 31, 2011 to be approximately \$6.8 million, and accordingly, adjusted its liability to this amount. The Company's obligation to pay the award will be triggered only after the Company's recovery of the aggregate amount of its capital contribution in TV One and only upon actual receipt of distributions of cash or marketable securities or proceeds from a liquidity event with respect to the Company's membership interest in TV One. The CEO was fully vested in the award upon execution of the Employment Agreement, and the award lapses upon expiration of the Employment Agreement, or earlier if the CEO voluntarily left the Company, or was terminated for cause. The Company is currently in negotiations with the Company's CEO for a new employment agreement. Until such time as his new employment agreement is executed, the terms of his April 2008 employment agreement remain in effect including eligibility for the TV One award.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt consists of the following:

		As of		
	March 31, 201	December 31, 2010		
	(Unaudited)			
	(In	thousands)		
Senior bank term debt	\$ 386,	000 \$ 346,681		
Senior bank revolving debt	•	— 7,000		
6 ³ / ₈ % Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013		747 747		
12 ¹ / ₂ %/15% Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016	292,0	502 286,794		
Note payable	1,	000 1,000		
Total debt	680,	349 642,222		
Less: current portion	4,	360 18,402		
Less: original issue discount	7,	720		
Long-term debt, net	\$ 667,7	\$ 623,820		

Credit Facilities

March 2011 Refinancing Transaction

On March 31, 2011 the Company entered into a new senior secured credit facility (the "2011 Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of banks, and simultaneously borrowed \$386.0 million to retire all outstanding obligations under the Company's previous amended and restated credit agreement and to fund our obligation with respect to the TV One capital call. The total amount available under the 2011 Credit Agreement is \$411.0 million, consisting of a \$386.0 term loan facility that matures on March 31, 2016 and a \$25.0 million revolving loan facility that matures on March 31, 2015. Borrowings under the credit facilities are subject to compliance with certain covenants including, but not limited to, certain financial covenants. Proceeds from the credit facilities can be used for working capital, capital expenditures made in the ordinary course of business, its common stock repurchase program, permitted direct and indirect investments and other lawful corporate purposes.

The 2011 Credit Agreement contains affirmative and negative covenants that the Company is required to comply with, including:

- (a) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of no less than:
 - ■1.25 to 1.00 on June 30, 2011 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2015; and
 - ■1.50 to 1.00 on December 31, 2015 and the last day of each fiscal quarter thereafter.
- (b) maintaining a senior secured leverage ratio of no greater than:
 - ■5.25 to 1.00 on June 30, 2011; and
 - •5.00 to 1.00 on September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2011; and
 - ■4.75 to 1.00 on March 31, 2012; and
 - ■4.50 to 1.00 on June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012; and
 - •4.00 to 1.00 on March 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal Quarter through September 30, 2013; and
 - ■3.75 to 1.00 on December 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2014; and
 - ■3.25 to 1.00 on December 31, 2014 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2015; and
 - ■2.75 to 1.00 on December 31, 2015 and the last day of each fiscal quarter thereafter.
- (c) maintaining a total leverage ratio of no greater than:
 - ■9.25 to 1.00 on June 30, 2011 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through December 31, 2011; and
 - ■9.00 to 1.00 on March 31, 2012; and
 - ■8.75 to 1.00 on June 30, 2012; and
 - ■8.50 to 1.00 on September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012; and
 - ■8.00 to 1.00 on March 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2013; and
 - ■7.50 to 1.00 on December 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2014; and
 - •6.50 to 1.00 on December 31, 2014 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2015; and
 - ■6.00 to 1.00 on December 31, 2015 and the last day of each fiscal quarter thereafter.
- (d) limitations on:
 - •liens;
 - ■sale of assets;
 - payment of dividends; and
 - mergers.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the 2011 Credit Agreement. As noted in the previous table, measurement of interest coverage, senior secured leverage, and total leverage ratios will commence on June 30, 2011.

Under the terms of the 2011 Credit Agreement, interest on base rate loans is payable quarterly and interest on LIBOR loans is payable monthly or quarterly. The base rate is equal to the greater of the prime rate, the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.50% and the LIBOR Rate for a one-month period plus 1.00%. The applicable margin on the 2011 Credit Agreement is between (i) 4.50% and 5.50% on the revolving portion of the facility and (ii) 5.00% (with a base rate floor of 2.5% per annum) and 6.00% (with a LIBOR floor of 1.5% per annum) on the term portion of the facility. Commencing on June 30, 2011, quarterly installments of 0.25%, or \$965,000, of the principal balance on the \$386.0 million term loan are payable on the last day of each March, June, September and December.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had approximately \$24.4 million of borrowing capacity under its revolving credit facility. Taking into consideration the financial covenants under the 2011 Credit Agreement, approximately \$24.4 million of the revolving credit facility was available to be borrowed.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had outstanding approximately \$386.0 million on its term credit facility. During the quarter ended March 31, 2011, the Company borrowed approximately \$386.0 million under the 2011 Credit Agreement and repaid approximately \$353.7 million under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. Proceeds from the 2011 Credit Agreement of approximately \$378.3 million, net of original issue discount, were used to repay the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and pay other fees and expenses, with the balance of the proceeds to be used to fund the TV One capital call. The original issue discount is being reflected as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the debt obligation and amortized to interest expense over the term of the credit facility.

Period between and including the November 2010 Refinancing Transactions and March 2011 Refinancing Transaction

On November 24, 2010, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement amendment with its prior syndicate of banks. The Credit Agreement amendment, which amended and restated the Credit agreement (as so amended and restated, the "Amended and Restated Credit Agreement"), among other things, replaced the existing amount of outstanding revolving loans with a \$323.0 million term loan and provided for three tranches of revolving loans, including a \$20.0 million revolver to be used for working capital, capital expenditures, investments, and other lawful corporate purposes, a \$5.1 million revolver to be used solely to redeem and retire the 2011 Notes, and a \$13.7 million revolver to be used solely to fund a capital call with respect to TV One (the "November 2010 Refinancing Transaction").

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provided for maintenance of the following maximum fixed charge coverage ratio as of the last day of each fiscal quarter:

Effective Period	Ratio
November 24, 2010 to December 30, 2010	1.05 to 1.00
December 31, 2010 to June 30, 2012	1.07 to 1.00

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement also provided for maintenance of the following maximum total leverage ratios (subject to certain adjustments if subordinated debt is issued or any portion of the \$13.7 million revolver was used to fund a TV One capital call):

Effective Period	Ratio
November 24, 2010 to December 30, 2010	9.35 to 1.00
December 31, 2010 to December 30, 2011	9.00 to 1.00
December 31, 2011 and thereafter	9.25 to 1.00

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement also provided for maintenance of the following maximum senior leverage ratios (subject to certain adjustments if any portion of the \$13.7 million revolver was used to fund a TV One capital call):

No greater than
5.25 to 1.00
5.00 to 1.00
4.75 to 1.00
4.50 to 1.00
4.75 to 1.00

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provided for maintenance of average weekly availability at any time during any period set forth below:

Beginning	Average weekly availability no less than
November 24, 2010 through and including June 30, 2011	\$10,000,000
July 1, 2011 and thereafter	\$15,000,000

During the period between November 24, 2010, and of March 31, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

Under the terms of the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, interest on both alternate base rate loans and LIBOR loans was payable monthly. The LIBOR interest rate floor was 1.00% and the alternate base rate was equal to the greater of the prime rate, the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.50% and the LIBOR Rate for a one-month period plus 1.00%. Interest payable on (i) LIBOR loans were at LIBOR plus 6.25% and (ii) alternate base rate loans was at an alternate base rate plus 5.25% (and, in each case, could have been permanently increased if the Company exceeded certain senior leverage ratio levels, tested quarterly beginning June 30, 2011). The interest rate paid in excess of LIBOR could have been as high as 7.25% during the last quarter prior to maturity if the Company exceeded the senior leverage ratio levels on each test date. Commencing on September 30, 2011, quarterly installments of 0.25%, or \$807,500, of the principal balance on the \$323.0 million term loan were payable on the last day of each March, June, September and December.

Under the terms of the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, quarterly installments of principal on the term loan facility were payable on the last day of each March, June, September and December commencing on September 30, 2007 in a percentage amount of the principal balance of the term loan facility outstanding on September 30, 2007, net of loan repayments, of 1.25% between September 30, 2007 and June 30, 2008, 5.0% between September 30, 2008 and June 30, 2009, and 6.25% between September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2012. Based on the (i) \$174.4 million net principal balance of the term loan facility outstanding on September 30, 2008, (ii) a \$70.0 million prepayment in March 2009, (iii) a \$31.5 million prepayment in May 2009 and (iv) a \$5.0 million prepayment in May 2010, quarterly payments of \$4.0 million are payable between June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2012.

On December 24, 2010, all remaining outstanding 2011 Notes were repurchased pursuant to the indenture governing the 2011 Notes. We incurred approximately \$4.5 million in borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement in connection with such repurchase.

As a result of our repurchase and refinancing of the 2011 Notes, the expiration of the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement was June 30, 2012.

On March 31, 2011, the Company repaid all obligations under, and terminated, the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. During the quarter ended March 31, 2011 the Company did not borrow from the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and repaid approximately \$353.7 million.

Pre November 2010 Refinancing Transactions

In June 2005, the Company entered into the Credit Agreement with a syndicate of banks (the "Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement"), and simultaneously borrowed \$437.5 million to retire all outstanding obligations under its previous credit agreement. The Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement was amended in April 2006 and September 2007 to modify certain financial covenants and other provisions. Prior to the November 2010 Refinancing Transaction, the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement was to expire the earlier of (a) six months prior to the scheduled maturity date of the 8 $^{7}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due July 1, 2011 (January 1, 2011) (unless the $^{87}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes have been repurchased or refinanced prior to such date) or (b) June 30, 2012. The total amount available under the Credit Agreement was \$800.0 million, consisting of a \$500.0 million revolving facility and a \$300.0 million term loan facility. Borrowings under the credit facilities were subject to compliance with certain provisions including, but not limited, to financial covenants. The Company could use proceeds from the credit facilities for working capital, capital expenditures made in the ordinary course of business, its common stock repurchase program, permitted direct and indirect investments and other lawful corporate purposes.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, we noted that certain of our subsidiaries identified as guarantors in our financial statements did not have requisite guarantees filed with the trustee as required under the terms of the indentures governing the 63% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013 (the "2013 Notes") and 2011 Notes (the "Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries"). The Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries caused a non-monetary, technical default under the terms of the relevant indentures at December 31, 2009, causing a non-monetary, technical cross-default at December 31, 2009 under the terms of our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. On March 30, 2010, we joined the relevant subsidiaries as guarantors under the relevant indentures (the "Joinder"). Further, on March 30, 2010, we entered into a third amendment (the "Third Amendment") to the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. The Third Amendment provided for, among other things: (i) a \$100.0 million revolver commitment reduction (from \$500.0 million to \$400.0 million) under the bank facilities; (ii) a 1.0% floor with respect to any loan bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the adjusted LIBOR (iii) certain additional collateral requirements; (iv) certain limitations on the use of proceeds from the revolving loan commitments; (v) the addition of Interactive One, LLC as a guarantor of the loans under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement and under the notes governed by the Company's 2011 Notes and 2013 Notes; (vi) the waiver of the technical cross-defaults that existed as of December 31, 2009 and through the date of the amendment arising due to the Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries; and (vii) the payment of certain fees and expenses of the lenders in connection with their diligence work on the amendment.

Under the terms of the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement, upon any breach or default under either the 8 $^{7}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due July 2011 or the $6^{3}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013, the lenders could among other actions immediately terminate the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement and declare the loans then outstanding under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement to be due and payable in whole immediately. Similarly, under the 8 $^{7}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes and the $6^{3}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes, a default under the terms of the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement would constitute an event of default, and the trustees or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding notes (under either class) may declare the principal of such class of note and interest to be due and payable immediately.

As of each of June 30, 2010, July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, we were not in compliance with the terms of the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. More specifically, (i) as of June 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a total leverage ratio of 7.25 to 1.00 (ii) as of each of July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, as a result of a step down of the total leverage ratio from no greater than 7.25 to 1.00 to no greater than 6.50 to 1.00 effective for the period July 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011, we also failed to maintain the requisite total leverage ratio and (iii) as of September 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a senior leverage ratio of 4.00 to 1.00. On July 15, 2010, the Company and its subsidiaries entered into a forbearance agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (successor by merger to Wachovia Bank, National Association), as administrative agent (the "Agent"), and financial institutions constituting the majority of outstanding loans and commitments (the "Required Lenders") under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement, relating to the defaults and events of default existing as of June 30, 2010 and July 1, 2010. On August 13, 2010, we entered into an amendment to the Forbearance Agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement Amendment") that, among other things, extended the termination date of the Forbearance Agreement to September 10, 2010, unless terminated earlier by its terms, and provided additional forbearance related to the then anticipated default caused by an opinion of Ernst & Young LLP expressing substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as issued in connection with the restatement of our financial statements. Under the Forbearance Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement Amendment, the Agent and the Required Lenders maintained the right to deliver "payment blockage notices" to the trustees for the holders of the 2011 Notes and/or the 2013 Notes.

On August 5, 2010, the Agent delivered a payment blockage notice to the Trustee under the Indenture governing our 2013 Notes. As a result, neither we nor any of our guaranteeing subsidiaries could make any payment or distribution of any kind or character in respect of obligations under the 2013 Notes, including the interest payment that was scheduled to be made on August 16, 2010. The 30-day grace period for the nonpayment of interest before such nonpayment constituted an event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture expired on September 15, 2010. While the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding 2013 Notes could have declared the principal amount, and accrued and unpaid interest, on all outstanding 2013 Notes to be due and payable immediately as a result of such event of default, no such remedies were exercised as we continued to negotiate the terms of the amended exchange offer and a new support agreement with the members of the ad hoc group of holders of our 2011 Notes and 2013 Notes. The event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture also constituted an event of default under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. While the Forbearance Agreement Amendment expired by its terms on September 10, 2010, we and the Agent continued to negotiate the terms of a credit facility amendment and the Agent and the lenders did not exercise additional remedies under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement cured all of these issues.

Senior Subordinated Notes

Period between and including the November 2010 Refinancing Transactions and March 2011 Refinancing Transaction

On November 24, 2010, we issued \$286.8 million of our 12 1/2%/15% Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016 in a private placement and exchanged and then cancelled approximately \$97.0 million of \$101.5 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 2011 Notes and approximately \$199.3 million of \$200.0 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 2013 Notes (the 2013 Notes together with the 2011 Notes, the "Prior Notes"). We entered into supplemental indentures in respect of each of the Prior Notes which waived any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen that may be waived and eliminated substantially all of the covenants in each indenture governing the Prior Notes, other than the covenants to pay principal and interest on the Prior Notes when due, and eliminated or modified the related events of default. Subsequently, all remaining outstanding 2011 Notes were repurchased pursuant to the indenture governing the 2011 Notes, effective as of December 24, 2010.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had outstanding \$747,000 of its $6\,^{3}/_{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013 and \$292.6 million of our $12^{1}/_{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016. During the year ended December 31, 2010, pursuant to the debt exchange, the Company repurchased \$101.5 million of the $8\,^{7}/_{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes at par and \$199.3 million of the $6\,^{3}/_{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes at an average discount of 5.0%, and recorded a gain on the retirement of debt of approximately \$6.6 million, net of the write-off of deferred financing costs of approximately \$3.3 million. The $12^{1}/_{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016 had a carrying value of \$292.6 million and a fair value of approximately \$308.0 million as of March 31, 2011, and the $6\,^{3}/_{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013 had a carrying value of \$747,000 and a fair value of approximately \$710,000 as of March 31, 2011. The fair values were determined based on the trading value of the instruments as of the reporting date.

Interest payments under the terms of the $6\frac{3}{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes are due in February and August. Based on the \$747,000 principal balance of the $6\frac{3}{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes outstanding on March 31, 2011, interest payments of \$24,000 are payable each February and August through February 2013

Interest on the 12½%/15% Senior Subordinated Notes will be payable in cash, or at our election, partially in cash and partially through the issuance of additional 12½%/15% Senior Subordinated Notes (a "PIK Election") on a quarterly basis in arrears on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15, commencing on February 15, 2011. We may make a PIK Election only with respect to interest accruing up to but not including May 15, 2012, and with respect to interest accruing from and after May 15, 2012 such interest shall accrue at a rate of 12.5% per annum and shall be payable in cash.

Interest on the Exchange Notes will accrue from the date of original issuance or, if interest has already been paid, from the date it was most recently paid. Interest will accrue for each quarterly period at a rate of 12.5% per annum if the interest for such quarterly period is paid fully in cash. In the event of a PIK Election, including the PIK Election currently in effect, the interest paid in cash and the interest paid-in-kind by issuance of additional Exchange Notes ("PIK Notes") will accrue for such quarterly period at 6.0% per annum and 9.0% per annum, respectively.

In the absence of an election for any interest period, interest on the Exchange Notes shall be payable according to the election for the previous interest period, provided that interest accruing from and after May 15, 2012 shall accrue at a rate of 12.5% per annum and shall be payable in cash. A PIK Election is currently in effect.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2011 the Company paid cash interest in the amount of approximately \$3.9 million and issued approximately \$5.8 million of additional 12½/9%/15% Senior Subordinated Notes in accordance with the PIK Election that is currently in effect.

The indentures governing the Company's $12^{1/2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes also contained covenants that restrict, among other things, the ability of the Company to incur additional debt, purchase common stock, make capital expenditures, make investments or other restricted payments, swap or sell assets, engage in transactions with related parties, secure non-senior debt with assets, or merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of its assets.

The Company conducts a portion of its business through its subsidiaries. Certain of the Company's subsidiaries have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the Company's $12^{1}/_{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes, the $6^{3}/_{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes and the Company's obligations under the 2011 Credit Agreement.

Period prior to November 2010 Refinancing Transactions

Subsequent to December 31, 2009, we noted that certain of our subsidiaries identified as guarantors in our financial statements did not have requisite guarantees filed with the trustee as required under the terms of the indentures (the "Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries"). The Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries caused a non-monetary, technical default under the terms of the relevant indentures at December 31, 2009, causing a non-monetary, technical cross-default at December 31, 2009 under the terms of our Credit Agreement dated as of June 13, 2005. We have since joined the relevant subsidiaries as guarantors under the relevant indentures (the "Joinder"). Further, on March 30, 2010, we entered into a third amendment (the "Third Amendment") to the Credit Agreement. The Third Amendment provides for, among other things: (i) a \$100.0 million revolver commitment reduction under the bank facilities; (ii) a 1.0% floor with respect to any loan bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the adjusted LIBOR; (iii) certain additional collateral requirements; (iv) certain limitations on the use of proceeds from the revolving loan commitments; (v) the addition of Interactive One, LLC as a guarantor of the loans under the Credit Agreement and under the notes governed by the Company's 2001 and 2005 senior subordinated debt documents; (vi) the waiver of the technical cross-defaults that existed as of December 31, 2009 and through the date of the amendment arising due to the Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries; and (vii) the payment of certain fees and expenses of the lenders in connection with their diligence in connection with the amendment.

On August 5, 2010, the Agent under our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement delivered a payment blockage notice to the Trustee under the Indenture governing our 2013 Notes. As a result, neither we nor any of our guaranteeing subsidiaries may make any payment or distribution of any kind or character in respect of obligations under the 2013 Notes, including the interest payment that was scheduled to be made on August 16, 2010. The 30-day grace period for the nonpayment of interest before such nonpayment constituted an event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture expired on September 15, 2010. While the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding 2013 Notes could have declared the principal amount, and accrued and unpaid interest, on all outstanding 2013 Notes to be due and payable immediately as a result of such event of default, no such remedies were exercised as we continued to negotiate the terms of the amended exchange offer and a new support agreement with the members of the ad hoc group of holders of our 2011 and 2013 Notes. The event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture also constituted an event of default under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. As of November 24, 2010, any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen were cured.

As of each of June 30, 2010, July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, we were not in compliance with the terms of our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. More specifically, (i) as of June 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a total leverage ratio of 7.25 to 1.00 (ii) as of each of July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, as a result of a step down of the total leverage ratio from no greater than 7.25 to 1.00 to no greater than 6.50 to 1.00 effective for the period July 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011, we also failed to maintain the requisite total leverage ratio and (iii) as of September 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a senior leverage ratio of 4.00 to 1.00. On July 15, 2010, the Company and its subsidiaries entered into the Forbearance Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (successor by merger to Wachovia Bank, National Association), as Agent, and the Required Lenders under our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement, relating to the defaults and events of default existing as of June 30, 2010 and July 1, 2010. On August 13, 2010, we entered into an amendment to the Forbearance Agreement Amendment that, among other things, extended the termination date of the Forbearance Agreement to September 10, 2010, unless terminated earlier by its terms, and provided additional forbearance related to the then anticipated default caused by an opinion of Ernst & Young LLP expressing substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as issued in connection with the restatement of our financial statements. Under the Forbearance Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement Amendment, the Agent and the Required Lenders maintained the right to deliver "payment blockage notices" to the trustees for the holders of the 2011 Notes and/or the 2013 Notes.

On August 5, 2010, the Agent under our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement delivered a payment blockage notice to the Trustee under the Indenture governing our 2013 Notes. As a result, neither we nor any of our guaranteeing subsidiaries could make any payment or distribution of any kind or character in respect of obligations under the 2013 Notes, including the interest payment that was scheduled to be made on August 16, 2010. The 30-day grace period for the nonpayment of interest before such nonpayment constituted an event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture expired on September 15, 2010. While the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding 2013 Notes could declare the principal amount, and accrued and unpaid interest, on all outstanding 2013 Notes to be due and payable immediately as a result of such event of default, as of the date of this filing, no such remedies were exercised as we continued to negotiate the terms of the amended exchange offer and a new support agreement with the members of the ad hoc group of holders of our 2011 and 2013 Notes. The event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture also constituted an event of default under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. As of November 24, 2010, as a result of the November 2010 Refinancing Transactions, any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen were cured.

Note Payable

Reach Media issued a \$1.0 million promissory note payable in November 2009 to a subsidiary of Citadel. The note was issued in connection with Reach Media reacquiring Citadel's noncontrolling stock ownership in Reach Media as well as entering into a new sales representation agreement with Radio Networks, a subsidiary of Citadel. The note bears interest at 7.0% per annum, which is payable quarterly, and the entire principal amount is due on December 31, 2011.

Future scheduled minimum principal payments of debt as of March 31, 2011 are as follows:

	Senior ordinated Notes	(U	Credit Facilities naudited) thousands)	Note	P ayable
April – December 2011	\$ _	\$	2,895	\$	1,000
2012	_		3,860		_
2013	747		3,860		_
2014	_		3,860		_
2015	_		3,860		_
2016 and thereafter	292,602		367,665		_
Total Debt	\$ 293,349	\$	386,000	\$	1,000

8. INCOME TAXES:

The Company recorded a tax expense of approximately \$45.6 million on a pre-tax loss from continuing operations of approximately \$18.4 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2011, which resulted in a tax rate of (247.4)%. This rate is based on the blending of an estimated annual effective tax rate of (250.3)% for Radio One, which has a full valuation allowance for most of its deferred tax assets ("DTAs"), with an estimated annual effective tax rate of 35.3% for Reach Media, which does not have a valuation allowance. For the three month period ended March 31, 2011, Reach Media generated a tax benefit of \$72,000 and therefore it had a negligible impact on the tax rate.

In 2007, the Company concluded it was more likely than not that the benefit from certain of its DTAs would not be realized. The Company considered its historically profitable jurisdictions, its sources of future taxable income and tax planning strategies in determining the amount of valuation allowance recorded. As part of that assessment, the Company also determined that it was not appropriate under generally accepted accounting principles to benefit its DTAs based on DTLs related to indefinite-lived intangibles, consisting principally of certain of the Company's radio broadcasting licenses, which cannot be scheduled to reverse in the same period. Because the DTL in this case would not reverse until some future indefinite period when the intangibles are either sold or impaired, any resulting temporary differences cannot be considered a source of future taxable income to support realization of the DTAs. As a result of this assessment, and given the then three year cumulative loss position, the uncertainty of future taxable income and the feasibility of tax planning strategies, the Company recorded a valuation allowance for its DTAs in 2007. For the three month period ended March 31, 2011, an additional valuation allowance for the current year anticipated increase to DTAs related to net operating loss carryforwards from the amortization of indefinite-lived intangibles was included in the annual effective tax rate calculation.

On January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of ASC 740, "Income Taxes," related to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, which recognizes the impact of a tax position in the financial statements if it is more likely than not that the position would be sustained on audit based on the technical merits of the position. The nature of the uncertainties pertaining to our income tax position is primarily due to various state tax positions. As of March 31, 2011, we had approximately \$5.8 million in unrecognized tax benefits. Accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits is recognized as a component of tax expense. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company recorded an expense for interest and penalties of \$13,000. As of March 31, 2011, the Company had a liability of \$278,000 for unrecognized tax benefits for interest and penalties. The Company estimates the possible change in unrecognized tax benefits prior to March 31, 2011 which could range from \$0 to a reduction of \$15,000, due to expiring statutes.

9. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Common Stock

The Company has four classes of common stock, Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D. Generally, the shares of each class are identical in all respects and entitle the holders thereof to the same rights and privileges. However, with respect to voting rights, each share of Class A common stock entitles its holder to one vote and each share of Class B common stock entitles its holder to ten votes. The holders of Class C and Class D common stock are not entitled to vote on any matters. The holders of Class A common stock can convert such shares into shares of Class C or Class D common stock. Subject to certain limitations, the holders of Class B common stock can convert such shares into shares of Class A common stock. The holders of Class C common stock can convert such shares into shares into shares into shares of Class D common stock have no such conversion rights.

Stock Repurchase Program

The Company did not have the ability to repurchase stock in 2010 as its prior board approved stock repurchase authorization had expired by its terms on December 31, 2009 and had not been renewed. In April 2011, the Company's board of directors authorized a repurchase of shares of the Company's Class A and Class D common stock (the "2011 Repurchase Authorization.") Under the 2011 Repurchase Authorization, the Company is authorized, but is not obligated, to repurchase up to \$15 million worth of its Class A and/or Class D common stock prior to April 13, 2013. Repurchases will be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The timing and extent of any repurchases will depend upon prevailing market conditions, the trading price of the Company's Class A and/or Class D common stock and other factors, and subject to restrictions under applicable law. The Company expects to implement this stock repurchase program in a manner consistent with market conditions and the interests of the stockholders, including maximizing stockholder value.

Stock Option and Restricted Stock Grant Plan

Under the Company's 1999 Stock Option and Restricted Stock Grant Plan ("Plan"), the Company had the authority to issue up to 10,816,198 shares of Class D common stock and 1,408,099 shares of Class A common stock. The Plan expired March 10, 2009. The options previously issued under this plan are exercisable in installments determined by the compensation committee of the Company's board of directors at the time of grant. These options expire as determined by the compensation committee, but no later than ten years from the date of the grant. The Company uses an average life for all option awards. The Company settles stock options upon exercise by issuing stock.

A new stock option and restricted stock plan (the "2009 Stock Plan") was approved by the stockholders at the Company's annual meeting on December 16, 2009. The terms of the 2009 Stock Plan are substantially similar to the prior Plan. The Company has the authority to issue up to 8,250,000 shares of Class D common stock under the 2009 Stock Plan. As of March 31, 2011, 4,935,895 shares of Class D common stock were available for grant under the 2009 Stock Plan.

The compensation committee and the non-executive members of the Board of Directors have approved a long-term incentive plan (the "2009 LTIP") for certain "key" employees of the Company. The purpose of the 2009 LTIP is to retain and incent these "key" employees in light of sacrifices they have made as a result of the cost savings initiatives in response to economic conditions. These sacrifices included not receiving performance-based bonuses in 2008 and salary reductions and shorter work weeks in 2009 in order to provide expense savings and financial flexibility to the Company. The 2009 LTIP is comprised of 3,250,000 shares (the "LTIP Shares") of the 2009 Stock Plan's 8,250,000 shares of Class D common stock. Awards of the LTIP Shares were granted in the form of restricted stock and allocated among 31 employees of the Company, including the named executive officers. The named executive officers were allocated LTIP Shares as follows: (i) Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") (1.0 million shares); (ii) the Chairperson (300,000 shares); (iii) the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") (225,000 shares); (iv) the Chief Administrative Officer ("CAO") (225,000 shares); and (v) the President of the Radio Division ("PRD") (130,000 shares). The remaining 1,370,000 shares were allocated among 26 other "key" employees. All awards will vest in three installments. The awards were granted effective January 5, 2010 and the first installment of 33% vested on June 5, 2010. The remaining two installments will vest equally on June 5, 2011 and June 5, 2012. Pursuant to the terms of the 2009 Stock Plan, subject to the Company's insider trading policy, a portion of each recipient's vested shares may be sold into the open market for tax purposes on or about the vesting dates.

The Company follows the provisions under ASC 718, "Compensation - Stock Compensation," using the modified prospective method, which requires measurement of compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on date of grant and recognition of compensation over the service period for awards expected to vest. These stock-based awards do not participate in dividends until fully vested. The fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes ("BSM") valuation model. Such fair value is recognized as an expense over the service period, net of estimated forfeitures, using the straight-line method. Estimating the number of stock awards that will ultimately vest requires judgment, and to the extent actual forfeitures differ substantially from our current estimates, amounts will be recorded as a cumulative adjustment in the period the estimated number of stock awards are revised. We consider many factors when estimating expected forfeitures, including the types of awards, employee classification and historical experience. Actual forfeitures may differ substantially from our current estimate.

The Company also uses the BSM valuation model to calculate the fair value of stock-based awards. The BSM incorporates various assumptions including volatility, expected life, and interest rates. For options granted, the Company uses the BSM option-pricing model and determines: (i) the term by using the simplified "plain-vanilla" method as allowed under SAB No. 110; (ii) a historical volatility over a period commensurate with the expected term, with the observation of the volatility on a daily basis; and (iii) a risk-free interest rate that was consistent with the expected term of the stock options and based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant.

Stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$937,000 and \$2.0 million, respectively.

The Company granted 114,675 stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and granted 39,430 stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

	Three Months Ende	ed March 31,
	2011	2010
Average risk-free interest rate	2.86%	3.28%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%
Expected lives	6.25 years	6.25 years
Expected volatility	117.1%	111.3%

Transactions and other information relating to stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are summarized below:

	Number of Options	Weighted- Average ercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (In Years)	Aggregate trinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	4,999,000	\$ 9.40		_
Grants	115,000	\$ 1.09		
Exercised	_	_		
Forfeited/cancelled/expired	3,000	 12.60		
Balance as of March 31, 2011	5,111,000	\$ 9.21	4.91	\$ 1,131,992
Vested and expected to vest at March 31, 2011	4,952,000	\$ 9.40	4.85	\$ 1,064,775
Unvested at March 31, 2011	775,000	\$ 1.41	7.64	\$ 413,620
Exercisable at March 31, 2011	4,356,000	\$ 10.49	4.46	\$ 718,371

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the difference between the Company's stock closing price on the last day of trading during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of shares that would have been received by the holders of in-the-money options had all the option holders exercised their options on March 31, 2011. This amount changes based on the fair market value of the Company's stock. There were no options exercised or vested during three months ended March 31, 2011.

As of March 31, 2011, \$187,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 months. The stock option weighted-average fair value per share was \$4.04 at March 31, 2011.

Transactions and other information relating to restricted stock grants for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are summarized below:

		erage Fair ue at Grant
Shares		Date
2,310,000	\$	2.92
_	\$	_
(50,000)	\$	1.23
_	\$	_
2,260,000	\$	2.96
	(50,000)	Val Shares

The restricted stock grants were included in the Company's outstanding share numbers on the effective date of grant. As of March 31, 2011, approximately \$4.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock grants is expected to be recognized over the next 8.1 months.

10. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had two reportable segments: (i) Radio Broadcasting; and (ii) Internet. These two segments operate in the United States and are consistently aligned with the Company's management of its businesses and its financial reporting structure. Beginning in the quarter ending June 30, 2011, in conjunction with the consolidation of TV One, the Company will have an additional reportable segment.

The Radio Broadcasting segment consists of all broadcast and Reach Media results of operations. The Internet segment includes the results of our online business, including the operations of Interactive One. Corporate/Eliminations/Other represents financial activity associated with our corporate staff and offices, intercompany activity between the two segments and activity associated with a small film venture.

Operating income or loss represents total revenues less operating expenses, depreciation and amortization, and impairment of long-lived assets. Intercompany revenue earned and expenses charged between segments are recorded at fair value and eliminated in consolidation.

The accounting policies described in the summary of significant accounting policies in Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies are applied consistently across the two segments.

Detailed segment data for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 is presented in the following tables:

	Th	ree Months E	Inded	nded March 31,		
		2011	2010			
	(Unaud (In thous			*		
Net Revenue:		60.010	•			
Radio Broadcasting	\$	63,019	\$	57,232		
Internet		3,515		3,479		
Corporate/Eliminations/Other		(1,489)	_	(1,693)		
Consolidated	\$	65,045	\$	59,018		
Operating Expenses (excluding depreciation, amortization and impairment charges and including stock-based compensation):						
Radio Broadcasting	\$	45,950	\$	39,866		
Internet		5,072		5,622		
Corporate/Eliminations/Other		4,403		5,000		
Consolidated	\$	55,425	\$	50,488		
Depreciation and Amortization:	ď.	0.751	Ф	2 151		
Radio Broadcasting	\$	2,751	\$	3,151		
Internet		1,118		1,271		
Corporate/Eliminations/Other		230	_	299		
Consolidated	\$	4,099	\$	4,721		
Operating income (loss):						
Radio Broadcasting	\$	14,318	\$	14,215		
Internet	•	(2,675)	-	(3,414)		
Corporate/Eliminations/Other		(6,122)		(6,992)		
Consolidated	\$	5,521	\$	3,809		
	N.	Iarch 31, 2011	Dec	ember 31, 2010		
	(Unaudited)					
		(In tho	usan	ds)		
Total Assets:	¢.	071 507	d.	004.160		
Radio Broadcasting	\$	871,597	\$	894,160		
Internet		31,525		33,698		
Corporate/Eliminations/Other	<u></u>	104,305	Φ.	71,354		
Consolidated	\$	1,007,427	\$	999,212		
31						

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The Company's CEO and Chairperson own a music company called Music One, Inc. ("Music One"). The Company sometimes engages in promoting the recorded music product of Music One. Based on the cross-promotional value received by the Company, we believe that the provision of such promotion is fair. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, Radio One paid \$4,000 and \$6,000, respectively, to or on behalf of Music One, primarily for market talent event appearances, travel reimbursement and sponsorships. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company provided no advertising services to Music One. There were no cash, trade or no-charge orders placed by Music One for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. As of March 31, 2011, Music One owed Radio One \$124,000 for office space and administrative services provided. Subsequent to March 31, 2011, this balance was satisfied in full.

The office space and administrative support transactions between Radio One and Music One are conducted at cost and all expenses associated with the transactions are passed through at actual costs. Costs associated with office space on behalf of Music One are calculated based on square footage used by Music One, multiplied by Radio One's actual per square foot lease costs for the appropriate time period. Administrative services are calculated based on the approximate hours provided by each Radio One employee to Music One, multiplied by such employee's applicable hourly rate and related benefits allocation. Advertising spots are priced at an average unit rate. Based on the cross-promotional nature of the activities provided by Music One and received by the Company, we believe that these methodologies of charging average unit rates or passing through the actual costs incurred are fair and reflect terms no more favorable than terms generally available to a third-party.

12. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The Company conducts a portion of its business through its subsidiaries. All of the Company's Subsidiary Guarantors have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the Company's $6^{3}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013, the $12^{1}/_{2}$ %/15% Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016, and the Company's obligations under the 2011 Credit Agreement.

Set forth below are consolidated balance sheets for the Company and the Subsidiary Guarantors as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and related consolidated statements of operations and cash flows for each of the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The equity method of accounting has been used by the Company to report its investments in subsidiaries. Separate financial statements for the Subsidiary Guarantors are not presented based on management's determination that they do not provide additional information that is material to investors.

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

	Gua Subs	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries (Unaudited) Radio One, Inc. (Unaudited) (In tho		One, Inc. Eliminations			 solidated audited)
NET REVENUE	\$	28,131	\$	36,914	\$	-	\$ 65,045
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Programming and technical		8,570		10,313		-	18,883
Selling, general and administrative, including stock-based							
compensation		12,896		15,624		-	28,520
Corporate selling, general and administrative, including							
stock-based compensation		-		8,022		-	8,022
Depreciation and amortization		2,203		1,896			4,099
Total operating expenses		23,669	3	35,855		<u>-</u>	 59,524
Operating income		4,462		1,059			5,521
INTEREST INCOME		-		8		-	8
INTEREST EXPENSE		-		19,333		-	19,333
LOSS ON RETIREMENT OF DEBT		-		7,743		-	7,743
EQUITY IN INCOME OF AFFILIATED COMPANY		-		3,079		-	3,079
OTHER INCOME		<u> </u>		25			 25
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes, noncontrolling interests							
in income of subsidiaries and discontinued operations		4,462	(22,905)		-	(18,443)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		<u> </u>		45,619			 45,619
Net income (loss) before equity in income of subsidiaries and discontinued							
operations		4,462	(68,524)		-	(64,062)
EQUITY IN INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES				4,482		(4,482)	 <u>-</u>
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		4,462	((64,042)		(4,482)	(64,062)
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, net of tax		20				-	 20
NET INCOME (LOSS)		4,482	((64,042)		(4,482)	(64,042)
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING							
INTERESTS				203			203
NET LOSS INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO RADIO ONE, INC.	\$	4,482	\$ (64,245)	\$	(4,482)	\$ (64,245)

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

		rantor	R	adio				
	Subsidiaries		On	e, Inc.	Elimir	ations	Cons	solidated
	(Una	udited)	(Unaudited)		(Unau	dited)	(Un	audited)
				(In thou	ısands)			
NET REVENUE	\$	28,794	\$	30,224	\$	_	\$	59,018
OPERATING EXPENSES:	Ψ	20,77	Ψ	50,22	Ψ		Ψ	23,010
Programming and technical		8,352		10,233		-		18,585
Selling, general and administrative, including stock-based		,						,
compensation		13,894		9,113		-		23,007
Corporate selling, general and administrative, including								
stock-based compensation		-		8,896		-		8,896
Depreciation and amortization		2,555		2,166		-		4,721
Total operating expenses		24,801		30,408		<u>-</u>		55,209
Operating income (loss)		3,993		(184)		-		3,809
INTEREST INCOME		-		25		-		25
INTEREST EXPENSE		-		9,235		-		9,235
EQUITY IN INCOME OF AFFILIATED COMPANY		-		909		-		909
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		111		(588)		-		(477)
Income (loss) before benefit from income taxes, noncontrolling interests in loss								
of subsidiaries and discontinued operations		4,104		(9,073)		-		(4,969)
BENEFIT FROM INCOME TAXES				(309)				(309)
Net income (loss) before equity in income of subsidiaries and discontinued								
operations		4,104		(8,764)		-		(4,660)
EQUITY IN INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES				4,255		(4,255)		<u> </u>
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		4,104		(4,509)		(4,255)		(4,660)
INCOME (LOSS) FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, net of tax		151		(88)				63
NET INCOME (LOSS)		4,255		(4,597)		(4,255)		(4,597)
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS				(29)				(29)
NET LOSS INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO RADIO ONE, INC.	\$	4,255	\$	(4,568)	\$	(4,255)	\$	(4,568)

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET As of March 31, 2011

	G Su	Combined Juarantor Subsidiaries Subsidiaries	Radio One, Inc. (Unaudited) (In thou		One, Inc. (Unaudited)		One, Inc. (Unaudited)		One, Inc. (Unaudited)		One, Inc. (Unaudited)		J)	liminations Unaudited) ds)	_	onsolidated Unaudited)
ASSET	S															
CURRENT ASSETS:	Ф	021	Ф	22.007	Ф		Ф	22.017								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	931	\$	32,886	\$	-	\$	33,817								
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		23,630		23,682		-		47,312								
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,301		4,471		-		5,772								
Current assets from discontinued operations	_	(65)	_	129				96.065								
Total current assets		25,797		61,168		-		86,965								
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		18,838		13,646 266,975		-		32,484 835,285								
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net		568,310		601,068		(601,068)		833,283								
INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANY		-		50,455		(601,008)		50,455								
OTHER ASSETS		609		1,606		-		2,215								
NON-CURRENT ASSESTS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		23		1,000		-		2,213								
Total assets	\$	613,577	\$	994,918	\$	(601,068)	\$	1,007,427								
1 Otal assets	<u>ə</u>	013,377	3	994,918	<u>ə</u>	(601,008)	3	1,007,427								
A LA DIA ATTICO DEDECIMA DA CANCONTEDOMA DA CANCONTE		DECEC AND	C/TC/	SCHULOL DE	D.C.	EQUITY.										
LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING	INTE	RESTS AND	510	OCKHOLDE	RS'	EQUITY										
CURRENT LIABILITIES:																
	\$	642	\$	1,031	\$	_	\$	1,673								
Accounts payable Accrued interest	Ф	042	Ф	5,695	Ф	-	Ф	5,695								
Accrued interest Accrued compensation and related benefits		1,947		7,547		-		9,494								
Income taxes payable		1,947		2,253		-		2,253								
Other current liabilities		8,270		89		-		8,359								
Current portion of long-term debt		0,270		4,860		-		4,860								
Current liabilities from discontinued operations		12		38				50								
Total current liabilities		10,871		21,513				32,384								
LONG-TERM DEBT, net		10,671		667,769		-		667,769								
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		1,638		7,934		-		9,572								
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		1,030		134,413				134,413								
Total liabilities	_	12,509	_	831,629	_		_	844,138								
Total habilities		12,307		031,027		<u>-</u>		044,130								
REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		_		31,269				31,269								
REDEEMADEE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS				31,207		<u>-</u>		31,207								
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:																
Common stock		_		54				54								
Additional paid-in capital		224,902		995,256		(224,902)		995,256								
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)		376,166		(863,290)		(376,166)		(863,290)								
Total stockholders' equity	_	601,068		132,020		(601,068)		132,020								
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests and stockholders' equity	\$	613,577	\$	994,918	\$	(601,068)	\$	1,007,427								
Total natifices, reaccinate noncontrolling interests and stockholders equity	ψ	013,377	φ	777,710	ψ	(001,008)	Ψ	1,007,427								

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS As of December 31, 2010

	G	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries		Radio One, Inc. (In thou		Eliminations usands)		Consolidated	
ASSETS									
CURRENT ASSETS:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,043	\$	8,149	\$	-	\$	9,192	
Trade accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		30,511		28,000		-		58,511	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,331		7,050		-		8,381	
Current assets from discontinued operations		(61)		128		-		67	
Total current assets		32,824		43,327		-		76,151	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net		19,811		13,649		-		33,460	
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net		568,802		271,345		-		840,147	
INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES		-		609,199		(609,199)		-	
INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANY		-		47,470		-		47,470	
OTHER ASSETS		497		1,484		-		1,981	
NON-CURRENT ASSESTS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		3		<u>-</u>		-		3	
Total assets	\$	621,937	\$	986,474	\$	(609,199)	\$	999,212	
		_							
LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING	INTE	RESTS AND	STO	OCKHOLDE	RS'	EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:									
Accounts payable	\$	413	\$	2,598	\$	-	\$	3,011	
Accrued interest		-		4,558		-		4,558	
Accrued compensation and related benefits		2,331		8,389		-		10,720	
Income taxes payable		-		1,671		-		1,671	
Other current liabilities		8,404		3,321		-		11,725	
Current portion of long-term debt		-		18,402		-		18,402	
Current liabilities from discontinued operations		22		(10)		<u>-</u>		12	
Total current liabilities		11,170		38,929		-		50,099	
LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current portion		-		623,820		-		623,820	
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		1,568		9,363		-		10,931	
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES		<u>-</u>		89,392				89,392	
Total liabilities		12,738		761,504		<u>-</u>		774,242	
REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS				30,635				30,635	
		_							
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:									
Common stock		-		54		-		54	
Accumulated comprehensive income adjustments		-		(1,424)		-		(1,424)	
Additional paid-in capital		237,515		994,750		(237,515)		994,750	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)		371,684		(799,045)	_	(371,684)	_	(799,04 <u>5</u>)	
Total stockholders' equity		609,199		194,335		(609,199)		194,335	
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests and stockholders' equity	\$	621,937	\$	986,474	\$	(609,199)	\$	999,212	

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

	Guar Subsi	bined rantor diaries udited)	Or	Radio ne, Inc. audited)		inations_		nsolidated naudited)
	(CHa	auticu)	(CII	(In thou		auditeu)	(0.	illudited)
				`	ĺ			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Net income (loss)	\$	4,482	\$	(64,042)	\$	(4,482)	\$	(64,042)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		2,203		1,896		-		4,099
Amortization of debt financing costs		-		1,591		-		1,591
Loss on retirement of debt		-		7,743		-		7,743
Non-cash interest		-		6,520		-		6,520
Deferred income taxes		-		45,042		-		45,042
Equity in net income of affiliated company		-		(3,079)		-		(3,079)
Stock-based compensation and other non-cash compensation				937		-		937
Effect of change in operating assets and liabilities, net of assets acquired:								
Trade accounts receivable, net		6,881		4,318		-		11,199
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		30		2,579		-		2,609
Other assets		20		78		-		98
Accounts payable		229		(1,567)		-		(1,338)
Due to corporate/from subsidiaries		(13,509)		13,509		-		-
Accrued interest		-		425		-		425
Accrued compensation and related benefits		(384)		(842)		-		(1,226)
Income taxes payable		-		582		-		582
Other liabilities		(64)		(3,407)		-		(3,471)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities from discontinued operations				22		<u>-</u>		22
Net cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities		(112)		12,305		(4,482)		7,711
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Purchase of property and equipment		-		(1,812)		-		(1,812)
Investment in subsidiaries		<u> </u>		(4,482)		4,482		<u>-</u>
Net cash flows used in investing activities		-		(6,294)		4,482		(1,812)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Proceeds from credit facility, net of original issue discount		-		378,280		-		378,280
Repayment of credit facility		-		(353,681)		-		(353,681)
Debt refinancing and modification costs		-		(5,873)		-		(5,873)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities		-		18,726				18,726
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(112)		24,737				24,625
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period		1,043		8,149		-		9,192
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$	931	\$	32,886	\$	-	\$	33,817
•								

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Three Months Ended March 31, 2010

	Guara Subsid	Combined Guarantor Subsidiaries (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (In tho		Eliminations (Unaudited) ousands)		Consolidate (Unaudited		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Net income (loss)	\$	4,255	\$	(4,597)	\$	(4,255)	\$	(4,597)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		2,555		2,166		-		4,721
Amortization of debt financing costs		-		612		-		612
Write off of debt financing costs		-		645		-		645
Deferred income taxes		-		(383)		-		(383)
Equity in net income of affiliated company		-		(909)		-		(909)
Stock-based compensation and other non-cash compensation		224		1,789		-		2,013
Effect of change in operating assets and liabilities, net of assets acquired:								
Trade accounts receivable, net		3,082		(3,545)		-		(463)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(318)		(434)		-		(752)
Other assets		227		326		-		553
Accounts payable		(421)		(1,638)		-		(2,059)
Due to corporate/from subsidiaries		(8,825)		8,825		-		-
Accrued interest		-		(5,548)		-		(5,548)
Accrued compensation and related benefits		99		1,282		-		1,381
Income taxes payable		-		(31)		-		(31)
Other liabilities		549		3,202		-		3,751
Net cash flows used in operating activities from discontinued operations		(45)		(17)				(62)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities		1,382		1,745		(4,255)		(1,128)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Purchase of property and equipment		(812)		(260)		-		(1,072)
Investment in subsidiaries		-		(4,255)		4,255		-
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(812)		(4,515)		4,255		(1,072)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Repayment of credit facility		-		(4,502)		-		(4,502)
Debt refinancing and modification costs		-		(3,303)		-		(3,303)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		_		(7,805)		_		(7,805)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		570		(10,575)		_		(10,005)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period		127		19,836		_		19,963
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$	697	\$	9,261	\$	-	\$	9,958

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

Royalty Agreements

Effective December 31, 2009, our radio music license agreements with the two largest performance rights organizations, American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers ("ASCAP") and Broadcast Music, Inc. ("BMI") expired. The Radio Music License Committee ("RMLC"), which negotiates music licensing fees for most of the radio industry with ASCAP and BMI, has reached an agreement with these organizations on a temporary fee schedule that reflects a provisional discount of 7.0% against 2009 fee levels. The temporary fee reductions became effective in January 2010. Absent an agreement on long-term fees between the RMLC and ASCAP and BMI, the U.S. District Court in New York has the authority to make an interim and permanent fee ruling for the new contract period. In May 2010 and June 2010, the U.S. District Court's judge charged with determining the licenses fees ruled to further reduce interim fees paid to ASCAP and BMI, respectively, down approximately another 11.0% from the previous temporary fees negotiated with the RMLC.

The Company has entered into other fixed and variable fee music license agreements with other performance rights organizations, which expire as late as 2015. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company incurred expenses of approximately \$2.8 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, in connection with these agreements.

Other Contingencies

The Company has been named as a defendant in several legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. It is management's opinion, after consultation with its legal counsel, that the outcome of these claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of March 31, 2011, we had four standby letters of credit totaling \$676,500 in connection with our annual insurance policy renewals. In addition, Reach Media had a letter of credit of \$500,000.

Reach Media Noncontrolling Interests Shareholders' Put Rights

Beginning on February 28, 2012, the noncontrolling interest shareholders of Reach Media have an annual right to require Reach Media to purchase all or a portion of their shares at the then current fair market value for such shares. Beginning in 2012, this annual right can be exercised for a 30-day period beginning February 28 of each year. The purchase price for such shares may be paid in cash and/or registered Class D Common Stock of Radio One, at the discretion of Radio One. As a result, our ability to fund business operations, new acquisitions or new business initiatives could be limited.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

As of March 31, 2011, Music One, Inc. a related party owned by the Company's CEO and Chairman, owed Radio One \$124,000 for office space and administrative services provided. Subsequent to March 31, 2011, this balance was satisfied in full.

On February 25, 2011, TV One completed a privately placed debt offering of \$119 million (the "Redemption Financing"). The Redemption Financing was structured as senior secured notes bearing a 10% coupon and is due 2016. The Redemption Financing was structured to allow for continued distributions to the remaining members of TV One, including Radio One, subject to certain conditions. Subsequently, on February 28, 2011, TV One utilized \$82.4 million of the Redemption Financing to repurchase 15.4% of its outstanding membership interests from certain financial investors and 2.0% of its outstanding membership interests held by TV One management (representing approximately 50% of interests held by management). On April 25, 2011, TV One utilized the balance of the Redemption Financing and funds from the remaining members capital call contributions to repurchase 12.4% of its outstanding membership interests from DIRECTV. These redemptions by TV One increased Radio One's holding in TV One from 36.8% to approximately 50.9% as of April 25, 2011.

In addition, beginning in the second quarter, the Company expects to begin to account for TV One on a consolidated basis after having executed an amendment to the TV One operating agreement with the remaining members of TV One concerning certain governance issues.

In April 2011, the Company's board of directors authorized a repurchase of shares of the Company's Class A and Class D common stock (the "2011 Repurchase Authorization.") Under the 2011 Repurchase Authorization, the Company is authorized, but is not obligated, to repurchase up to \$15 million worth of its Class A and/or Class D common stock prior to April 13, 2013. Repurchases will be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The timing and extent of any repurchases will depend upon prevailing market conditions, the trading price of the Company's Class A and/or Class D common stock and other factors, and subject to restrictions under applicable law. The Company expects to implement this stock repurchase program in a manner consistent with market conditions and the interests of the stockholders, including maximizing stockholder value. Since inception of the 2011 Repurchase Authorization, the Company has repurchased 1,670,535 shares of Class D common stock in the amount of \$4.6 million at an average price of \$2.76 per share.

On April 1, 2011 the Company issued a standby letter of credit in the amount of \$294,000 to support a corporate office lease.

The Company is currently in negotiations with the Company's CEO for a new employment agreement. Until such time as his new employment agreement is executed, the terms of his April 2008 employment agreement remain in effect including eligibility for the TV One award.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information should be read in conjunction with "Selected Financial Data" and the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included elsewhere in this report and the audited financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Introduction

Revenue

We primarily derive revenue from the sale of advertising time and program sponsorships to local and national advertisers on our radio stations. Advertising revenue is affected primarily by the advertising rates our radio stations are able to charge, as well as the overall demand for radio advertising time in a market. These rates are largely based upon a radio station's audience share in the demographic groups targeted by advertisers, the number of radio stations in the related market, and the supply of, and demand for, radio advertising time. Advertising rates are generally highest during morning and afternoon commuting hours.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, approximately 75.9% of our net revenue was generated from the sale of advertising in our core radio business, excluding Reach Media. Approximately 55.3% of our total net revenue was generated from local advertising and approximately 30.0% was generated from national advertising, including network advertising. In comparison, during the three months ended March 31, 2010, approximately 85.2% of our net revenue was generated from the sale of advertising in our core radio business, excluding Reach Media. Approximately 58.9% of our total net revenue was generated from local advertising and approximately 36.9% was generated from national advertising, including network advertising. National advertising also includes advertising revenue generated from our internet segments. The balance of revenue was generated from tower rental income, ticket sales and revenue related to our sponsored events, management fees and other revenue.

In the broadcasting industry, radio stations often utilize trade or barter agreements to reduce cash expenses by exchanging advertising time for goods or services. In order to maximize cash revenue for our spot inventory, we closely monitor the use of trade and barter agreements.

Community Connect, LLC ("CCI"), which is included within the operations of Interactive One, currently generates the majority of the Company's internet revenue, and derives its revenue principally from advertising services, including diversity recruiting advertising. Advertising services include the sale of banner and sponsorship advertisements. Advertising revenue is recognized either as impressions (the number of times advertisements appear in viewed pages) are delivered, when "click through" purchases or leads are reported, or ratably over the contract period, where applicable. Interactive One has a diversity recruiting relationship with Monster, Inc. ("Monster"). Monster posts job listings and advertising on Interactive One websites and Interactive One earns revenue for displaying the images on its websites.

In February 2005, the Company acquired approximately 51% of the common stock of Reach Media for approximately \$55.8 million in cash and stock. Until December 31, 2009, a substantial portion of Reach Media's revenue was generated from one customer under a sales representation agreement with Radio Networks.

In November 2009, Reach Media entered into a new sales representation and redemption agreement ("the Sales Representation and Redemption Agreement") with certain subsidiaries of Citadel Broadcasting Corporation ("Citadel"). Under this agreement, Radio Networks, a subsidiary of Citadel, serves as the sales representative for certain portions of Reach Media's advertising inventory for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2012.

Expenses

Our significant broadcast expenses are: (i) employee salaries and commissions; (ii) programming expenses; (iii) marketing and promotional expenses; (iv) rental of premises for office facilities and studios; (v) rental of transmission tower space; and (vi) music license royalty fees. We strive to control these expenses by centralizing certain functions such as finance, accounting, legal, human resources and management information systems and, in certain markets, the programming management function. We also use our multiple stations, market presence and purchasing power to negotiate favorable rates with certain vendors and national representative selling agencies.

We generally incur marketing and promotional expenses to increase our radio audiences. However, because Arbitron reports ratings either monthly or quarterly, depending on the particular market, any changed ratings and the effect on advertising revenue tends to lag behind both the reporting of the ratings and the incurrence of advertising and promotional expenditures.

In addition to salaries and commissions, major expenses for our internet business include membership traffic acquisition costs, software product design, post application software development and maintenance, database and server support costs, the help desk function, data center expenses connected with internet service provider ("ISP") hosting services and other internet content delivery expenses.

Measurement of Performance

We monitor and evaluate the growth and operational performance of our business using net income and the following key metrics:

- (a) *Net revenue:* The performance of an individual radio station or group of radio stations in a particular market is customarily measured by its ability to generate net revenue. Net revenue consists of gross revenue, net of local and national agency and outside sales representative commissions consistent with industry practice. Net revenue is recognized in the period in which advertisements are broadcast. Net revenue also includes advertising aired in exchange for goods and services, which is recorded at fair value, revenue from sponsored events and other revenue. Net revenue is recognized for our online business as impressions are delivered, as "click throughs" are reported or ratably over contract periods, where applicable.
- (b) Station operating income: Net income (loss) before depreciation and amortization, income taxes, interest income, interest expense, equity in income of affiliated company, noncontrolling interests in income (loss) of subsidiaries, gain/loss on retirement of debt, other expense, corporate expenses, stock-based compensation expenses, impairment of long-lived assets and gain or loss from discontinued operations, net of tax, is commonly referred to in our industry as station operating income. Station operating income is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). Nevertheless, we believe station operating income is often a useful measure of a broadcasting company's operating performance and is a significant basis used by our management to measure the operating performance of our stations within the various markets. Station operating income provides helpful information about our results of operations, apart from expenses associated with our fixed and long-lived intangible assets, income taxes, investments, impairment charges, debt financings and retirements, corporate overhead, stock-based compensation and discontinued operations. Station operating income is frequently used as a basis for comparing businesses in our industry, although our measure of station operating income may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Station operating income does not represent operating loss or cash flow from operating activities, as those terms are defined under GAAP, and should not be considered as an alternative to those measurements as an indicator of our performance.
- (c) Station operating income margin: Station operating income margin represents station operating income as a percentage of net revenue. Station operating income margin is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP. Nevertheless, we believe that station operating income margin is a useful measure of our performance because it provides helpful information about our profitability as a percentage of our net revenue.

Summary of Performance

The tables below provide a summary of our performance based on the metrics described above:

	7	Three Months E	nded N	led March 31,	
	_	2011		2010	
		(In thousands,	•	pt margin	
Net revenue	\$	65,045	\$	59,018	
Station operating income		17,806		17,828	
Station operating income margin		27.4%	,	30.2%	
Net loss attributable to Radio One, Inc.	\$	(64,245)	\$	(4,568)	

The reconciliation of net loss to station operating income is as follows:

	<u>Thi</u>	Three Months Ended March		March 31,	
	_	2011		2010	
		(In thou	ısand	s)	
Net loss attributable to Radio One, Inc., as reported	\$	(64,245)	\$	(4,568)	
Add back non-station operating income items included in net loss:					
Interest income		(8)		(25)	
Interest expense		19,333		9,235	
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		45,619		(309)	
Corporate selling, general and administrative, excluding stock-based compensation		7,249		7,285	
Stock-based compensation		937		2,013	
Loss on retirement of debt		7,743		-	
Equity in income of affiliated company		(3,079)		(909)	
Other (income) expense, net		(25)		477	
Depreciation and amortization		4,099		4,721	
Noncontrolling interests in income (loss) of subsidiaries		203		(29)	
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(20)		(63)	
Station operating income	\$	17,806	\$	17,828	

RADIO ONE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table summarizes our historical consolidated results of operations:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
	2011			2010		Increase/(Decrease	
		(Unau	dited)		•	<u> </u>
Statements of Operations:							
Net revenue	\$	65,045	\$	59,018	\$	6,027	10.2%
Operating expenses:		,		,		,	
Programming and technical		18,883		18,585		298	1.6
Selling, general and administrative, excluding stock-based compensation		28,356		22,605		5,751	25.4
Corporate selling, general and administrative, excluding stock-based							
compensation		7,249		7,285		(36)	(0.5)
Stock-based compensation		937		2,013		(1,076)	(53.5)
Depreciation and amortization		4,099		4,721		(622)	(13.2)
Total operating expenses		59,524		55,209		4,315	7.8
Operating income		5,521		3,809		1,712	44.9
Interest income		8		25		(17)	(68.0)
Interest expense		19,333		9,235		10,098	109.3
Loss on retirement of debt		7,743		-		7,743	100.0
Equity in income of affiliated company		3,079		909		2,170	238.7
Other income (expense), net		25		(477)		502	105.2
Loss before provision for (benefit from) income taxes, noncontrolling interests							
in income (loss) of subsidiaries and discontinued operations		(18,443)		(4,969)		13,474	271.2
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes		45,619		(309)		45,928	14,863.4
Net loss from continuing operations		(64,062)		(4,660)		59,402	1,274.7
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax		20		63		(43)	(68.3)
Net loss		(64,042)		(4,597)		59,445	1,293.1
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		203		(29)		232	800.0
Net loss attributable to Radio One, Inc.	\$	(64,245)	\$	(4,568)	\$	59,677	1,306.4%

Net revenue

Three Months Ended March 31,		led March 31,	Increase/(Decrease)	
	2011	2010		
	\$65,045	\$59,018	\$6,027	

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we recognized approximately \$65.0 million in net revenue compared to approximately \$59.0 million during the same period in 2010. These amounts are net of agency and outside sales representative commissions, which were approximately \$6.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to approximately \$6.6 million during the same period in 2010. Reach Media net revenues increased 83.8% and were primarily impacted by Reach Media assuming operational and financial control and responsibility for the ongoing cruise event, the "Tom Joyner Fantastic Voyage" took place in March 2011 and generated approximately \$6.6 million of revenue for Reach Media. Excluding the "Fantastic Voyage", Reach Media revenue was up 1.3% YTY. Our radio stations' net revenue decreased 1.5%, and based on reports prepared by the independent accounting firm Miller, Kaplan, Arase & Co., LLP, the markets we operate in increased 4.5% in total revenues, led by a 4.8% increase in local revenues and a 0.4% increase in national revenues. While overall our radio stations' net revenue decreased, we experienced net revenue growth most significantly in our Atlanta and Richmond markets, while our other markets were flat or declined, with our Columbus and Dallas markets experiencing the most significant declines. Excluding Reach Media, net revenues for our radio division decreased 1.8%. Net revenues for our internet business increased 1.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010.

Operating Expenses

Programming and technical, excluding stock-based compensation

Three Months Ended March 31,			Increase/(Decrease)
2011	2010	.	
\$18,883	\$18,585	\$298	1.6%

Programming and technical expenses include expenses associated with on-air talent and the management and maintenance of the systems, tower facilities, and studios used in the creation, distribution and broadcast of programming content on our radio stations. Programming and technical expenses for radio also include expenses associated with our programming research activities and music royalties. For our internet business, programming and technical expenses include software product design, post-application software development and maintenance, database and server support costs, the help desk function, data center expenses connected with ISP hosting services and other internet content delivery expenses. The increase for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 is payroll related due to annual salary increases as well as higher web service fees. Increased programming and technical spending was partially offset by lower music royalties.

 $Selling, \ general\ and\ administrative,\ excluding\ stock-based\ compensation$

Three Months Ended March 31,		Ended March 31,	Increase/(Decrease)	
	2011	2010		
	\$28,356	\$22,605	\$5,751 25.4%	

Selling, general and administrative expenses include expenses associated with our sales departments, offices and facilities and personnel (outside of our corporate headquarters), marketing and promotional expenses, special events and sponsorships and back office expenses. Expenses to secure ratings data for our radio stations and visitors' data for our websites are also included in selling, general and administrative expenses. In addition, selling, general and administrative expenses for radio and internet include expenses related to the advertising traffic (scheduling and insertion) functions. Selling, general and administrative expenses also include membership traffic acquisition costs for our online business. The increased expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 is primarily due to events spending associated with Reach Media assuming operational and financial control and responsibility for the "Tom Joyner Fantastic Voyage," held in March 2011. Reach Media incurred approximately \$5.6 million of selling, general and administrative expenses associated with the "Tom Joyner Fantastic Voyage." The increase is also payroll related due to annual salary increases and additional research spending with Arbitron Inc. The increased expenses were partially offset by reduced bad debt expense and less promotional spending.

Corporate selling, general and administrative, excluding stock-based compensation

Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase/(Decrease)				
	2011	2010				
	\$7,249	\$7,285	\$(36)	(0.5)%		

Corporate expenses consist of expenses associated with our corporate headquarters and facilities, including personnel. The decrease in corporate expenses was primarily related to a decrease in compensation expense for the Chief Executive Officer in connection with the potential payment against the TV One award element in his employment Agreement as well as decreased professional fees. The decreases were offset by payroll related increases due to annual salary adjustments and increased bonuses.

Stock-based compensation

Three Months Ended March 31,		nded March 31,	Increase/(Decrease)	
	2011	2010		
	\$937	\$2,013	\$(1,076) (53.5)%	

Stock-based compensation expense is due to a long-term incentive plan whereby officers and certain key employees were granted a total of 3,250,000 shares of restricted stock in January of 2010. Stock-based compensation requires measurement of compensation costs for all stock-based awards at fair value on date of grant and recognition of compensation over the service period for awards expected to vest. The decrease in stock-based compensation expense was due to accelerated vesting being recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2010 versus a more normalized vesting for the same period in 2011.

Depreciation and amortization

Three Months Ended March 31,		In	crease/(Decrease)	
	2011	2010		
	\$4,099	\$4,721	\$(622)	(13.2)%

The decrease in depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was due primarily to the completion of amortization for certain intangibles and the completion of useful lives for certain fixed assets.

Interest expense

Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase/(Dec	crease)	
	2011	2010		_
	\$19,333	\$9,235	\$10,098	109.3%

The increase in interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was due to our entry into the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and Amended Exchange Offer on November 24, 2010. Higher interest rates associated with the amendments were in effect for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010. The increase in the overall effective cost of borrowing for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was approximately 6.0% compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Loss on retirement of debt

Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase/(Dec	crease)
2011	2010		
\$7,743	\$ —	\$7,743	100.0%

The loss on retirement of debt for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was due to a charge related to the retirement of the Amended and Restated Credit Facility on March 31, 2011. This amount includes a write-off of approximately \$6.5 million of capitalized debt financing costs associated with the Amended and Restated Credit Facility and a write-off of approximately \$1.2 million associated with the termination of the Company's interest rate swap agreement.

Equity in income of affiliated company

Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase/(De	ecrease)	
	2011	2010		
	\$3,079	\$909	\$2,170	238.7%

Equity in income of affiliated company primarily reflects our estimated equity in the net income of TV One. The increase to equity in income of affiliated company for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was due primarily to additional net income generated by TV One for the three months ended March 31, 2011 versus the same period in 2010. The Company's share of the net income is driven by TV One's current capital structure and the Company's percentage ownership of the equity securities of TV One.

Other Income (Expense), net

Three Months Ended March 31,		 Increase/(Decrease))
2011	2010		
\$25	\$(477)	\$502	105.2%

The other expense for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was principally due to the write-off a pro-rata portion of debt financing and modification costs in connection with the lowering of the revolver commitment under the Company's bank facilities from \$500.0 million to \$400 million. The \$100.0 million reduction to the revolver commitment resulted from entering into a third amendment to our Credit Agreement. The third amendment also waived a non-monetary technical default to the Credit Agreement associated with not designating certain subsidiaries as guarantors under our indentures governing our senior subordinated notes. The write-off of the debt financing and modification costs were partially offset by the recording of the value of translator equipment awarded to the Company as a result of a legal settlement.

Provision for (benefit from) income taxes

Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase/(Dec	rease)
2011	2010		
\$45.619	\$(309)	\$45.928	14.863.4%

For the three months ended March 31, 2011, the provision for income taxes was \$45.6 million compared to a benefit from income taxes of approximately \$309,000 for the same period in 2010. Approximately \$45.3 million of the increase is attributable to the increase in the deferred tax liability ("DTL") for indefinite-lived intangibles and \$310,000 of the increase relates to Radio One state income taxes based on gross receipts. No tax expense related to the DTL change or state income taxes was recorded for Radio One in the period ended March 31, 2010. Approximately \$275,000 of the tax increase relates to Reach Media, which had a pre-tax loss in the period ended March 31, 2010 and had pre-tax income in the period ended March 31, 2011.

The Company continues to maintain a full valuation allowance for entities other than Reach Media for its deferred tax assets ("DTAs"), including the DTA associated with its net operating loss carryforward. As a result, pre-tax book income for the entities other than Reach Media does not generate any tax expense other than state taxes that are based on gross receipts. Instead, the tax expense for these entities is based primarily on the change in the DTL associated with certain indefinite-lived intangibles, which increases as tax amortization on these intangibles is recognized. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, tax expense of approximately \$45.3 million and zero was recognized for the change in the DTL, respectively. The zero tax expense for 2010 was based on the need to reduce the 2010 effective tax rate for these entities to zero percent to prevent the recognition of a tax benefit for which management believed it was more likely than not that the benefit would not be realized.

The consolidated effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was (247.4)% and 6.2%, respectively.

Income from discontinued operations, net of tax

Three Months Ended March 31,		Increase/(D	ecrease)	
· ·	2011	2010		
	\$20	\$63	\$(43)	(68.3)%

Included in the gain from discontinued operations, net of tax, are the results from operations for radio station clusters sold in Los Angeles, Miami, Augusta, Louisville, Dayton, Minneapolis and a station in our Boston market (WILD-FM). Discontinued operations also include the results from operations for Giant Magazine, which ceased publication in December 2009. The gain from discontinued operations, net of tax, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 resulted from the disposition of an asset. The gain from discontinued operations, net of tax, for the three months ended March 31, 2010 resulted from the assumption of Giant Magazine's subscriber liability by another publisher, which was partially offset by legal and litigation expenses incurred as a result of certain previous station sales. The gain from discontinued operations, net of tax, includes no tax provision for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Noncontrolling interests in income (loss) of subsidiaries

Three Months Ended March 31,		nded March 31,	Increase/(Decrease)	
	2011	2010		
	\$203	\$(29)	\$232 800.0%	

The increase in noncontrolling interests in income (loss) of subsidiaries is due to the generation of net income by Reach Media for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to a net loss for the same period in 2010.

Other Data

Station operating income

Station operating income remained flat at approximately \$17.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. Despite additional revenues associated with the Reach Media "Tom Joyner Fantastic Voyage" held in March 2011, operating expenses increased at a higher rate. The increased expenses were primarily due to additional events spending, payroll related spending associated with annual salary increases, higher web service fees and increased research spending. These expenses increases were partially offset by lower music royalties, reduced bad debt expense and less promotional spending.

Station operating income margin

Station operating income margin decreased to 27.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 from 30.2% for the comparable period in 2010. The margin decrease was primarily attributable to operating expenses that increased at a higher rate than revenues as described above.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary source of liquidity is cash provided by operations and, to the extent necessary, borrowings available under our senior credit facility and other debt or equity financing.

For the purposes of the below discussion, the term "November 2010 Refinancing Transactions" refers to (i) our November 24, 2010, exchange and cancellation of approximately \$97.0 million of our 87% senior subordinated notes due 2011 (the "2011 Notes") and approximately \$199.3 million of our 63% senior subordinated notes due 2013 (the "2013 Notes" and together with the 2011 Notes, the "Prior Notes") for approximately \$287.0 million of our 2016 Notes; (ii) our entrance into supplemental indentures in respect of each of the Prior Notes which waived any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen that may be waived and eliminated substantially all of the covenants in each indenture governing the Prior Notes, other than the covenants to pay principal of and interest on the Prior Notes when due, and eliminated or modified the related events of default; and (iii) our entrance into an amendment to our senior credit facility as described below.

Credit Facilities

March 2011 Refinancing Transaction

On March 31, 2011 the Company entered into a new senior secured credit facility (the "2011 Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of banks, and simultaneously borrowed \$386.0 million to retire all outstanding obligations under the Company's previous amended and restated credit agreement and to fund our obligations with respect to the TV One capital call. The total amount available under the 2011 Credit Agreement is \$411.0 million, consisting of a \$386.0 term loan facility that matures on March 31, 2016 and a \$25.0 million revolving loan facility that matures on March 31, 2015. Borrowings under the credit facilities are subject to compliance with certain covenants including, but not limited to, certain financial covenants. Proceeds from the credit facilities can be used for working capital, capital expenditures made in the ordinary course of business, its common stock repurchase program, permitted direct and indirect investments and other lawful corporate purposes.

The 2011 Credit Agreement contains affirmative and negative covenants that the Company is required to comply with, including:

- (a) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of no less than:
 - ■1.25 to 1.00 on June 30, 2011 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2015; and
 - ■1.50 to 1.00 on December 31, 2015 and the last day of each fiscal quarter thereafter.
- (b) maintaining a senior secured leverage ratio of no greater than:
 - ■5.25 to 1.00 on June 30, 2011; and
 - ■5.00 to 1.00 on September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2011; and
 - ■4.75 to 1.00 on March 31, 2012; and
 - ■4.50 to 1.00 on June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012; and
 - •4.00 to 1.00 on March 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal Quarter through September 30, 2013; and
 - ■3.75 to 1.00 on December 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2014; and
 - •3.25 to 1.00 on December 31, 2014 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2015; and
 - ■2.75 to 1.00 on December 31, 2015 and the last day of each fiscal quarter thereafter.
- (c) maintaining a total leverage ratio of no greater than:
 - ■9.25 to 1.00 on June 30, 2011 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through December 31, 2011; and
 - ■9.00 to 1.00 on March 31, 2012; and
 - ■8.75 to 1.00 on June 30, 2012; and
 - ■8.50 to 1.00 on September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2012; and
 - ■8.00 to 1.00 on March 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2013; and
 - ■7.50 to 1.00 on December 31, 2013 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2014; and
 - •6.50 to 1.00 on December 31, 2014 and the last day of each fiscal quarter through September 30, 2015; and
 - ■6.00 to 1.00 on December 31, 2015 and the last day of each fiscal quarter thereafter.
- (d) limitations on:
 - ■liens;
 - sale of assets;
 - payment of dividends; and
 - ■mergers.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the 2011 Credit Agreement. As noted in the previous table, measurement of interest coverage, senior secured leverage, and total leverage ratios will commence on June 30, 2011.

Under the terms of the 2011 Credit Agreement, interest on base rate loans is payable quarterly and interest on LIBOR loans is payable monthly or quarterly. The base rate is equal to the greater of the prime rate, the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.50% and the LIBOR Rate for a one-month period plus 1.00%. The applicable margin on the 2011 Credit Agreement is between (i) 4.50% and 5.50% on the revolving portion of the facility and (ii) 5.00% (with a base rate floor of 2.5% per annum) and 6.00% (with a LIBOR floor of 1.5% per annum) on the term portion of the facility. Commencing on June 30, 2011, quarterly installments of 0.25%, or \$965,000, of the principal balance on the \$386.0 million term loan are payable on the last day of each March, June, September and December.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had approximately \$24.4 million of borrowing capacity under its revolving credit facility. Taking into consideration the financial covenants under the 2011 Credit Agreement, approximately \$24.4 million of the revolving credit facility was available to be borrowed.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had outstanding approximately \$386.0 million on its term credit facility. During the quarter ended March 31, 2011, the Company borrowed approximately \$386.0 million under the 2011 Credit Agreement and repaid approximately \$353.7 million under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. Proceeds from the 2011 Credit Agreement of approximately \$378.3 million, net of original issue discount, were used to repay the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and pay other fees and expenses, with the balance of the proceeds to be used to fund the TV One capital call. The original issue discount is being reflected as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the debt obligation and amortized to interest expense over the term of the credit facility.

Period between and including the November 2010 Refinancing Transactions and March 2011 Refinancing Transaction

On November 24, 2010, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement amendment with its prior syndicate of banks. The Credit Agreement amendment, which amended and restated the Credit agreement (as so amended and restated, the "Amended and Restated Credit Agreement"), among other things, replaced the existing amount of outstanding revolving loans with a \$323.0 million term loan and provided for three tranches of revolving loans, including a \$20.0 million revolver to be used for working capital, capital expenditures, investments, and other lawful corporate purposes, a \$5.1 million revolver to be used solely to redeem and retire the 2011 Notes, and a \$13.7 million revolver to be used solely to fund a capital call with respect to TV One (the "November 2010 Refinancing Transaction").

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provided for maintenance of the following maximum fixed charge coverage ratio as of the last day of each fiscal quarter:

Effective Period	Ratio
November 24, 2010 to December 30, 2010	1.05 to 1.00
December 31, 2010 to June 30, 2012	1.07 to 1.00

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement also provided for maintenance of the following maximum total leverage ratios (subject to certain adjustments if subordinated debt is issued or any portion of the \$13.7 million revolver was used to fund a TV One capital call):

Effective Period	Ratio
November 24, 2010 to December 30, 2010	9.35 to 1.00
December 31, 2010 to December 30, 2011	9.00 to 1.00
December 31, 2011 and thereafter	9.25 to 1.00

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement also provided for maintenance of the following maximum senior leverage ratios (subject to certain adjustments if any portion of the \$13.7 million revolver was used to fund a TV One capital call):

Beginning	No greater than
November 24, 2010 to December 30, 2010	5.25 to 1.00
December 31, 2010 to March 30, 2011	5.00 to 1.00
March 31, 2011 to September 29, 2011	4.75 to 1.00
September 30, 2011 to December 30, 2011	4.50 to 1.00
December 31, 2011 and thereafter	4.75 to 1.00

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement provided for maintenance of average weekly availability at any time during any period set forth below:

Beginning	Average weekly availability no less than
November 24, 2010 through and including June 30, 2011	\$10,000,000
July 1, 2011 and thereafter	\$15.000,000

During the period between November 24, 2010, and of March 31, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

Under the terms of the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, interest on both alternate base rate loans and LIBOR loans was payable monthly. The LIBOR interest rate floor was 1.00% and the alternate base rate was equal to the greater of the prime rate, the Federal Funds Effective Rate plus 0.50% and the LIBOR Rate for a one-month period plus 1.00%. Interest payable on (i) LIBOR loans were at LIBOR plus 6.25% and (ii) alternate base rate loans was at an alternate base rate plus 5.25% (and, in each case, could have been permanently increased if the Company exceeded certain senior leverage ratio levels, tested quarterly beginning June 30, 2011). The interest rate paid in excess of LIBOR could have been as high as 7.25% during the last quarter prior to maturity if the Company exceeded the senior leverage ratio levels on each test date. Commencing on September 30, 2011, quarterly installments of 0.25%, or \$807,500, of the principal balance on the \$323.0 million term loan were payable on the last day of each March, June, September and December.

Under the terms of the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, quarterly installments of principal on the term loan facility were payable on the last day of each March, June, September and December commencing on September 30, 2007 in a percentage amount of the principal balance of the term loan facility outstanding on September 30, 2007, net of loan repayments, of 1.25% between September 30, 2007 and June 30, 2008, 5.0% between September 30, 2008 and June 30, 2009, and 6.25% between September 30, 2009 and June 30, 2012. Based on the (i) \$174.4 million net principal balance of the term loan facility outstanding on September 30, 2008, (ii) a \$70.0 million prepayment in March 2009, (iii) a \$31.5 million prepayment in May 2009 and (iv) a \$5.0 million prepayment in May 2010, quarterly payments of \$4.0 million are payable between June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2012.

On December 24, 2010, all remaining outstanding 2011 Notes were repurchased pursuant to the indenture governing the 2011 Notes. We incurred approximately \$4.5 million in borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement in connection with such repurchase.

As a result of our repurchase and refinancing of the 2011 Notes, the expiration of the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement was June 30, 2012.

On March 31, 2011, the Company repaid all obligations under, and terminated, the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement. During the quarter ended March 31, 2011 the Company did not borrow from the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and repaid approximately \$353.7 million.

Pre November 2010 Refinancing Transactions

In June 2005, the Company entered into the Credit Agreement with a syndicate of banks (the "Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement"), and simultaneously borrowed \$437.5 million to retire all outstanding obligations under its previous credit agreement. The Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement was amended in April 2006 and September 2007 to modify certain financial covenants and other provisions. Prior to the November 2010 Refinancing Transaction, the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement was to expire the earlier of (a) six months prior to the scheduled maturity date of the 8 $^{7}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due July 1, 2011 (January 1, 2011) (unless the $^{87}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes have been repurchased or refinanced prior to such date) or (b) June 30, 2012. The total amount available under the Credit Agreement was \$800.0 million, consisting of a \$500.0 million revolving facility and a \$300.0 million term loan facility. Borrowings under the credit facilities were subject to compliance with certain provisions including, but not limited, to financial covenants. The Company could use proceeds from the credit facilities for working capital, capital expenditures made in the ordinary course of business, its common stock repurchase program, permitted direct and indirect investments and other lawful corporate purposes.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, we noted that certain of our subsidiaries identified as guarantors in our financial statements did not have requisite guarantees filed with the trustee as required under the terms of the indentures governing the 63% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013 (the "2013 Notes") and 2011 Notes (the "Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries"). The Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries caused a non-monetary, technical default under the terms of the relevant indentures at December 31, 2009, causing a non-monetary, technical cross-default at December 31, 2009 under the terms of our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. On March 30, 2010, we joined the relevant subsidiaries as guarantors under the relevant indentures (the "Joinder"). Further, on March 30, 2010, we entered into a third amendment (the "Third Amendment") to the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. The Third Amendment provided for, among other things: (i) a \$100.0 million revolver commitment reduction (from \$500.0 million to \$400.0 million) under the bank facilities; (ii) a 1.0% floor with respect to any loan bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the adjusted LIBOR (iii) certain additional collateral requirements; (iv) certain limitations on the use of proceeds from the revolving loan commitments; (v) the addition of Interactive One, LLC as a guarantor of the loans under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement and under the notes governed by the Company's 2011 Notes and 2013 Notes; (vi) the waiver of the technical cross-defaults that existed as of December 31, 2009 and through the date of the amendment arising due to the Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries; and (vii) the payment of certain fees and expenses of the lenders in connection with their diligence work on the amendment.

Under the terms of the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement, upon any breach or default under either the 8 $^{7}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due July 2011 or the 6\%% Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013, the lenders could among other actions immediately terminate the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement and declare the loans then outstanding under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement to be due and payable in whole immediately. Similarly, under the 8 $^{7}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes and the 6\%% Senior Subordinated Notes, a default under the terms of the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement would constitute an event of default, and the trustees or the holders of at least 25\% in principal amount of the then outstanding notes (under either class) may declare the principal of such class of note and interest to be due and payable immediately.

As of each of June 30, 2010, July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, we were not in compliance with the terms of the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. More specifically, (i) as of June 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a total leverage ratio of 7.25 to 1.00 (ii) as of each of July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, as a result of a step down of the total leverage ratio from no greater than 7.25 to 1.00 to no greater than 6.50 to 1.00 effective for the period July 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011, we also failed to maintain the requisite total leverage ratio and (iii) as of September 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a senior leverage ratio of 4.00 to 1.00. On July 15, 2010, the Company and its subsidiaries entered into a forbearance agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (successor by merger to Wachovia Bank, National Association), as administrative agent (the "Agent"), and financial institutions constituting the majority of outstanding loans and commitments (the "Required Lenders") under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement, relating to the defaults and events of default existing as of June 30, 2010 and July 1, 2010. On August 13, 2010, we entered into an amendment to the Forbearance Agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement Amendment") that, among other things, extended the termination date of the Forbearance Agreement to September 10, 2010, unless terminated earlier by its terms, and provided additional forbearance related to the then anticipated default caused by an opinion of Ernst & Young LLP expressing substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as issued in connection with the restatement of our financial statements. Under the Forbearance Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement Amendment, the Agent and the Required Lenders maintained the right to deliver "payment blockage notices" to the trustees for the holders of the 2011 Notes and/or the 2013 Notes.

On August 5, 2010, the Agent delivered a payment blockage notice to the Trustee under the Indenture governing our 2013 Notes. As a result, neither we nor any of our guaranteeing subsidiaries could make any payment or distribution of any kind or character in respect of obligations under the 2013 Notes, including the interest payment that was scheduled to be made on August 16, 2010. The 30-day grace period for the nonpayment of interest before such nonpayment constituted an event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture expired on September 15, 2010. While the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding 2013 Notes could have declared the principal amount, and accrued and unpaid interest, on all outstanding 2013 Notes to be due and payable immediately as a result of such event of default, no such remedies were exercised as we continued to negotiate the terms of the amended exchange offer and a new support agreement with the members of the ad hoc group of holders of our 2011 Notes and 2013 Notes. The event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture also constituted an event of default under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. While the Forbearance Agreement Amendment expired by its terms on September 10, 2010, we and the Agent continued to negotiate the terms of a credit facility amendment and the Agent and the lenders did not exercise additional remedies under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement cured all of these issues.

Senior Subordinated Notes

Period between and including the November 2010 Refinancing Transactions and March 2011 Refinancing Transaction

On November 24, 2010, we issued \$286.8 million of our $12\frac{1}{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016 in a private placement and exchanged and then cancelled approximately \$97.0 million of \$101.5 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 2011 Notes and approximately \$199.3 million of \$200.0 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 2013 Notes (the 2013 Notes together with the 2011 Notes, the "Prior Notes"). We entered into supplemental indentures in respect of each of the Prior Notes which waived any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen that may be waived and eliminated substantially all of the covenants in each indenture governing the Prior Notes, other than the covenants to pay principal and interest on the Prior Notes when due, and eliminated or modified the related events of default. Subsequently, all remaining outstanding 2011 Notes were repurchased pursuant to the indenture governing the 2011 Notes, effective as of December 24, 2010.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company had outstanding \$747,000 of its $6\frac{3}{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013 and \$292.6 million of our $12\frac{1}{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016. During the year ended December 31, 2010, pursuant to the debt exchange, the Company repurchased \$101.5 million of the $8\frac{7}{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes at par and \$199.3 million of the $6\frac{3}{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes at an average discount of 5.0%, and recorded a gain on the retirement of debt of approximately \$6.6 million, net of the write-off of deferred financing costs of approximately \$3.3 million. The $12\frac{1}{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016 had a carrying value of \$292.6 million and a fair value of approximately \$308.0 million as of March 31, 2011, and the $6\frac{3}{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013 had a carrying value of \$747,000 and a fair value of approximately \$710,000 as of March 31, 2011. The fair values were determined based on the trading value of the instruments as of the reporting date.

Interest payments under the terms of the $6\frac{3}{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes are due in February and August. Based on the \$747,000 principal balance of the $6\frac{3}{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes outstanding on March 31, 2011, interest payments of \$24,000 are payable each February and August through February 2013

Interest on the 12¹/₂%/15% Senior Subordinated Notes will be payable in cash, or at our election, partially in cash and partially through the issuance of additional 12¹/₂%/15% Senior Subordinated Notes (a "PIK Election") on a quarterly basis in arrears on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15, commencing on February 15, 2011. We may make a PIK Election only with respect to interest accruing up to but not including May 15, 2012, and with respect to interest accruing from and after May 15, 2012 such interest shall accrue at a rate of 12.5% per annum and shall be payable in cash.

Interest on the Exchange Notes will accrue from the date of original issuance or, if interest has already been paid, from the date it was most recently paid. Interest will accrue for each quarterly period at a rate of 12.5% per annum if the interest for such quarterly period is paid fully in cash. In the event of a PIK Election, including the PIK Election currently in effect, the interest paid in cash and the interest paid-in-kind by issuance of additional Exchange Notes ("PIK Notes") will accrue for such quarterly period at 6.0% per annum and 9.0% per annum, respectively.

In the absence of an election for any interest period, interest on the Exchange Notes shall be payable according to the election for the previous interest period, provided that interest accruing from and after May 15, 2012 shall accrue at a rate of 12.5% per annum and shall be payable in cash. A PIK Election is currently in effect.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2011 the Company paid cash interest in the amount of approximately \$3.9 million and issued approximately \$5.8 million of additional $12^{1}/_{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes in accordance with the PIK Election that is currently in effect.

The indentures governing the Company's 12½%/15% Senior Subordinated Notes also contained covenants that restrict, among other things, the ability of the Company to incur additional debt, purchase common stock, make capital expenditures, make investments or other restricted payments, swap or sell assets, engage in transactions with related parties, secure non-senior debt with assets, or merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of its assets.

The Company conducts a portion of its business through its subsidiaries. Certain of the Company's subsidiaries have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the Company's $12^{1}/_{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes, the $6^{3}/_{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes and the Company's obligations under the 2011 Credit Agreement.

Period prior to November 2010 Refinancing Transactions

Subsequent to December 31, 2009, we noted that certain of our subsidiaries identified as guarantors in our financial statements did not have requisite guarantees filed with the trustee as required under the terms of the indentures (the "Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries"). The Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries caused a non-monetary, technical default under the terms of the relevant indentures at December 31, 2009, causing a non-monetary, technical cross-default at December 31, 2009 under the terms of our Credit Agreement dated as of June 13, 2005. We have since joined the relevant subsidiaries as guarantors under the relevant indentures (the "Joinder"). Further, on March 30, 2010, we entered into a third amendment (the "Third Amendment") to the Credit Agreement. The Third Amendment provides for, among other things: (i) a \$100.0 million revolver commitment reduction under the bank facilities; (ii) a 1.0% floor with respect to any loan bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the adjusted LIBOR; (iii) certain additional collateral requirements; (iv) certain limitations on the use of proceeds from the revolving loan commitments; (v) the addition of Interactive One, LLC as a guarantor of the loans under the Credit Agreement and under the notes governed by the Company's 2001 and 2005 senior subordinated debt documents; (vi) the waiver of the technical cross-defaults that existed as of December 31, 2009 and through the date of the amendment arising due to the Non-Joinder of Certain Subsidiaries; and (vii) the payment of certain fees and expenses of the lenders in connection with their diligence in connection with the amendment.

On August 5, 2010, the Agent under our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement delivered a payment blockage notice to the Trustee under the Indenture governing our 2013 Notes. As a result, neither we nor any of our guaranteeing subsidiaries may make any payment or distribution of any kind or character in respect of obligations under the 2013 Notes, including the interest payment that was scheduled to be made on August 16, 2010. The 30-day grace period for the nonpayment of interest before such nonpayment constituted an event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture expired on September 15, 2010. While the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding 2013 Notes could have declared the principal amount, and accrued and unpaid interest, on all outstanding 2013 Notes to be due and payable immediately as a result of such event of default, no such remedies were exercised as we continued to negotiate the terms of the amended exchange offer and a new support agreement with the members of the ad hoc group of holders of our 2011 and 2013 Notes. The event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture also constituted an event of default under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. As of November 24, 2010, any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen were cured.

As of each of June 30, 2010, July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, we were not in compliance with the terms of our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. More specifically, (i) as of June 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a total leverage ratio of 7.25 to 1.00 (ii) as of each of July 1, 2010 and September 30, 2010, as a result of a step down of the total leverage ratio from no greater than 7.25 to 1.00 to no greater than 6.50 to 1.00 effective for the period July 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011, we also failed to maintain the requisite total leverage ratio and (iii) as of September 30, 2010, we failed to maintain a senior leverage ratio of 4.00 to 1.00. On July 15, 2010, the Company and its subsidiaries entered into the Forbearance Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (successor by merger to Wachovia Bank, National Association), as Agent, and the Required Lenders under our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement, relating to the defaults and events of default existing as of June 30, 2010 and July 1, 2010. On August 13, 2010, we entered into an amendment to the Forbearance Agreement Amendment that, among other things, extended the termination date of the Forbearance Agreement to September 10, 2010, unless terminated earlier by its terms, and provided additional forbearance related to the then anticipated default caused by an opinion of Ernst & Young LLP expressing substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as issued in connection with the restatement of our financial statements. Under the Forbearance Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement Amendment, the Agent and the Required Lenders maintained the right to deliver "payment blockage notices" to the trustees for the holders of the 2011 Notes and/or the 2013 Notes.

On August 5, 2010, the Agent under our Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement delivered a payment blockage notice to the Trustee under the Indenture governing our 2013 Notes. As a result, neither we nor any of our guaranteeing subsidiaries could make any payment or distribution of any kind or character in respect of obligations under the 2013 Notes, including the interest payment that was scheduled to be made on August 16, 2010. The 30-day grace period for the nonpayment of interest before such nonpayment constituted an event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture expired on September 15, 2010. While the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the then outstanding 2013 Notes could declare the principal amount, and accrued and unpaid interest, on all outstanding 2013 Notes to be due and payable immediately as a result of such event of default, as of the date of this filing, no such remedies were exercised as we continued to negotiate the terms of the amended exchange offer and a new support agreement with the members of the ad hoc group of holders of our 2011 and 2013 Notes. The event of default under the 2013 Notes Indenture also constituted an event of default under the Pre-Refinancing Credit Agreement. As of November 24, 2010, as a result of the November 2010 Refinancing Transactions, any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen were cured.

The indentures governing the Company's senior subordinated notes also contain covenants that restrict, among other things, the ability of the Company to incur additional debt, purchase common stock, make capital expenditures, make investments or other restricted payments, swap or sell assets, engage in transactions with related parties, secure non-senior debt with assets, or merge, consolidate or sell all or substantially all of its assets.

The Company conducts a portion of its business through its subsidiaries. Certain of the Company's subsidiaries have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the Company's $12^{1}/_{2}\%/15\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes, the $6^{3}/_{8}\%$ Senior Subordinated Notes and the Company's obligations under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

The following table summarizes the interest rates in effect with respect to our debt as of March 31, 2011:

Type of Debt	Out	mount estanding millions)	Applicable Interest Rate
Senior bank term debt, net of original issue discount (at variable rates)(1)	\$	378.3	7.5%
12 ¹ / ₂ %/15% Senior Subordinated Notes (fixed rate)	\$	292.6	15.00%
Note payable (fixed rate)	\$	1.0	7.00%
6 ³ / ₈ % Senior Subordinated Notes (fixed rate)	\$	0.7	6.38%

(1) Subject to variable Libor Rate plus a spread currently at 6.50% and incorporated into the applicable interest rate set forth above.

The indentures governing our Prior Notes and our 2016 Notes require that we comply with certain financial covenants limiting our ability to incur additional debt. Such terms also place restrictions on us with respect to the sale of assets, liens, investments, dividends, debt repayments, capital expenditures, transactions with affiliates, consolidation and mergers, and the issuance of equity interests, among other things. As of November 24, 2010 and in connection with the November 2010 Refinancing Transactions, we and the trustee under the indentures governing our Prior Notes entered into supplemental indentures which waived any and all existing defaults and events of default that had arisen or may have arisen that may be waived and eliminated substantially all of the covenants in each indenture other than the covenants to pay principal of and interest on the Prior Notes when due, and eliminated or modified the related events of default. Our 2011 Credit Agreement also requires compliance with financial tests based on financial position and results of operations, including an interest coverage, senior secured leverage, and total leverage ratios, all of which could effectively limit our ability to borrow under the 2011 Credit Agreement.

Reach Media issued a \$1.0 million promissory note payable in November 2009 to a subsidiary of Citadel. The note was issued in connection with Reach Media entering into a new sales representation agreement with Radio Networks. The note bears interest at 7.0% per annum, which is payable quarterly, and the entire principal amount is due on December 31, 2011.

The following table provides a comparison of our statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

	20	11	2	010
		(In thou	sands)	
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	7,711	\$	(1,128)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	\$	(1,812)	\$	(1,072)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	\$	18,726	\$	(7,805)

Net cash flows provided by operating activities were approximately \$7.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to net cash flows used in operating activities of approximately \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Cash flows from operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased from the prior year primarily due to changes in operating assets and liabilities, primarily an increase in cash flows from the change in accounts receivable and prepaid expenses and other assets, offset by a decrease in cash flows from the change in other liabilities.

Net cash flows used in investing activities were approximately \$1.8 million and \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Capital expenditures, including digital tower and transmitter upgrades, and deposits for station equipment and purchases were approximately \$1.8 million and \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Net cash flows provided by financing activities were approximately \$18.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to net cash flows used in financing activities of \$7.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company borrowed \$378.3 million from its credit facility, while during the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company had no borrowings from its credit facility. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, we repaid approximately \$353.7 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, in outstanding debt. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, we capitalized approximately \$5.9 million and \$3.3 million, respectively of costs associated with our debt refinancing and evaluation of various alternatives associated with our indebtedness and its upcoming maturities.

Credit Rating Agencies

On a continuing basis, credit rating agencies such as Moody's and S&P evaluate our debt. On March 8, 2011, S&P assigned a B+ rating to the Company's proposed new \$25.0 million first out, first lien revolver due 2015 and a B rating to the Company's proposed new \$386.0 million term loan due 2016. S&P also raised the rating on the Company's $12^{1}/_{2}$ %/15% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016 to CCC (from CCC-) and raised the Company's Corporate Credit Rating to B- (from CCC+).

On March 7, 2011, Moody's assigned a B1 rating to the Company's proposed new \$25.0 million first out, first lien revolver due 2015 and a B2 rating to the Company's proposed new \$386.0 million term loan due 2016. Moody's also raised the Company's Probability of Default rating to Caa1 (from Caa2), raised the rating on the Company's 12½ %/15% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2016 to Caa2 (from Caa3) and affirmed the Company's Caa1 Corporate Family Rating.

On December 8, 2010, Moody's confirmed the Company's Caa1 Corporate Family Rating ("CFR"), assigned a B1 rating to the Company's credit facilities and assigned a Caa3 rating to the Company's new 12 \(^1/_2\) %/15% senior subordinated notes due 2016. These actions reflected our successful amendment of our senior secured credit facilities and an exchange offer for its subordinated debt on November 24, 2010.

On November 24, 2010, S&P raised the Company's long-term corporate credit rating to "CCC+" from "SD" with a positive rating outlook. In addition, S&P raised our issue-level rating on our senior secured debt to "B" from "CCC+." S&P also rated the Company's new $12^{-1}/_{2}$ %/15% senior subordinated notes due 2016 "CCC-", rated the remaining portion of the Company's existing $6^{-3}/_{8}$ % senior subordinated notes due 2013 "CCC-" and affirmed a "CCC-" issue-level rating on the remaining portion of the company's existing $8^{-7}/_{8}$ % senior subordinated notes.

S&P's actions reflected our successful November 24, 2010 amendment of our senior secured credit facilities and an exchange offer for its subordinated debt. S&P noted, the transactions eliminated near-term refinancing risk of our senior secured debt, which was set to mature January 1, 2011, if we were unable to refinance its $8^{7}/_{8}$ % senior subordinated notes prior to that date. S&P further noted that following the amendment, we were able to cure the default on our $6^{3}/_{8}$ % senior subordinated notes by paying its missed August 15, 2010 interest payment.

On September 20, 2010, Moody's repositioned our probability of default rating to Caa2/LD from Caa2, following the expiration of the 30-day grace period under the 2013 Notes.

On August 24, 2010, S&P lowered our corporate credit rating from CCC+ to SD and lowered the issue-level rating on our 2013 Notes from CCC- to D. On August 18, 2010, Moody's placed us on review for a possible downgrade on our corporate family rating and probability of default rating. The review was driven by our announcement that the lenders under our Senior Credit Facility blocked our August 16, 2010 interest payment on the 2013 Notes. The lenders under our Senior Credit Facility had the ability to block the interest payment as we were in violation of the total leverage covenant under our Senior Credit Facility.

On July 20, 2010, S&P revised our CCC+ corporate credit rating outlook from positive to developing. Revision was due to uncertainty surrounding the timing and structure of a potential refinancing.

On June 17, 2010 S&P revised our CCC+ corporate credit rating outlook from negative to positive. Revision was due to our announcement of potential refinancing transactions and the proposed increase of our ownership percentage in TV One. On June 17, 2010, Moody's placed on review the Company and its debt for a possible upgrade.

Although reductions in our bond ratings may not have an immediate impact on our cost of debt or liquidity, they may impact our future cost of debt and liquidity. Increased debt levels and/or decreased earnings could result in further downgrades in our credit ratings, which, in turn, could impede our access to the debt markets and/or raise our long-term debt borrowing rates. Our ability to use debt to fund major new acquisitions or new business initiatives could also be limited.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. In Management's Discussion and Analysis contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, we summarized the policies and estimates that we believe to be most critical in understanding the judgments involved in preparing our financial statements and the uncertainties that could affect our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. There have been no material changes to our accounting policies or estimates since we filed our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, "Compensation - Stock Compensation." Under the provisions of ASC 718, stock-based compensation cost is estimated at the grant date based on the award's fair value as calculated by the Black-Scholes ("BSM") valuation option-pricing model and is recognized as expense ratably over the requisite service period. The BSM incorporates various highly subjective assumptions including expected stock price volatility, for which historical data is heavily relied upon, expected life of options granted, forfeiture rates and interest rates. If any of the assumptions used in the BSM model change significantly, stock-based compensation expense may differ materially in the future from that previously recorded.

Goodwill and Radio Broadcasting Licenses

Impairment Testing

We have made several radio station acquisitions in the past for which a significant portion of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and radio broadcasting licenses. Goodwill exists whenever the purchase price exceeds the fair value of tangible and identifiable intangible net assets acquired in business combinations. As of March 31, 2011, we had approximately \$678.7 million in broadcast licenses and \$121.4 million in goodwill, which totaled \$800.1 million, and represented approximately 79.4% of our total assets. Therefore, we believe estimating the fair value of goodwill and radio broadcasting licenses is a critical accounting estimate because of the significance of their carrying values in relation to our total assets. We did not record any impairment charges for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The recent improvements in the economic environment, credit markets and advertising industry have contributed to more stable valuations of these assets.

Effective January 1, 2002, in accordance with ASC 350, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other," we discontinued amortizing radio broadcasting licenses and goodwill and instead, began testing for impairment annually, or when events or changes in circumstances or other conditions suggest impairment may have occurred. Our annual impairment testing is performed for assets owned as of October 1. Impairment exists when the carrying value of these assets exceeds its respective fair value. When the carrying value exceeds fair value, an impairment amount is charged to operations for the excess.

Valuation of Broadcasting Licenses

We utilize the services of a third-party valuation firm to provide independent analysis when evaluating the fair value of our radio broadcasting licenses and reporting units, including goodwill. The testing for radio broadcasting licenses is performed at the unit of accounting level as determined by ASC 350, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other." In our case, each unit of accounting is a clustering of radio stations into one geographical market. We use the income approach to value broadcasting licenses, which involves a 10-year model that incorporates several variables, including, but not limited to: (i) estimated discounted cash flows of a hypothetical market participant; (ii) estimated radio market revenue and growth projections; (iii) estimated market share and revenue for the hypothetical participant; (iv) likely media competition within the market; (v) estimated start-up costs and losses incurred in the early years; (vi) estimated profit margins and cash flows based on market size and station type; (vii) anticipated capital expenditures; (viii) probable future terminal values; (ix) an effective tax rate assumption; and (x) a discount rate based on the weighted-average cost of capital for the radio broadcast industry. In calculating the discount rate, we considered: (i) the cost of equity, which includes estimates of the risk-free return, the long-term market return, small stock risk premiums and industry beta; (ii) the cost of debt, which includes estimates for corporate borrowing rates and tax rates; and (iii) estimated average percentages of equity and debt in capital structures. Since our last annual assessment of radio broadcasting licenses; no triggering events have occurred requiring the Company to reassess license valuations since our annual assessment. Since our October 2010 annual assessment, we have not made any changes to the methodology for valuing broadcasting licenses.

Valuation of Goodwill

The impairment testing of goodwill is performed at the reporting unit level. We had 19 reporting units as of our October 2010 annual impairment assessment. For the purpose of valuing goodwill, the 19 reporting units consist of the 16 radio markets and three other business divisions. In testing for the impairment of goodwill, with the assistance of a third-party valuation firm, we primarily rely on the income approach. The approach involves a 10-year model with similar variables as described above for broadcasting licenses, except that the discounted cash flows are generally based on the Company's estimated and projected market revenue, market share and operating performance for its reporting units, instead of those for a hypothetical participant. We follow a two-step process to evaluate if a potential impairment exists for goodwill. The first step of the process involves estimating the fair value of each reporting unit. If the reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying value, a second step is performed as per the guidance of ASC 805-10, "Business Combinations," to allocate the fair value of the reporting unit to the individual assets and liabilities of the reporting unit in order to determine the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill as of the impairment assessment date. Any excess of the carrying value of the goodwill over the implied fair value of the goodwill is written off as a charge to operations. Since our October 2010 annual assessment, we have not made any changes to the methodology of valuing or allocating goodwill when determining the carrying values of the radio markets, Reach Media or Interactive One.

In February, May and August of 2010, the Company performed interim impairment testing on the valuation of goodwill associated with Reach Media. Reach Media net revenues and cash flows declined for 2010 and full year internal projections were revised. The revenues declined following the December 31, 2009 expiration of a sales representation agreement with Citadel Broadcasting Corporation ("Citadel") whereby a minimum level of revenue was guaranteed over the term of the agreement. Effective January 1, 2010, Reach Media's newly established sales organization began selling its inventory on the Tom Joyner Morning Show and under a new commission-based sales representation agreement with Citadel, which sells certain inventory owned by Reach Media in connection with its 108 radio station affiliate agreements. Management revised its internal projections for Reach Media by lowering the Year 1 revenue growth rate to 2.5% in May and August 2010, versus 16.5% assumed in the previous annual assessment. Given the relative improvement in the credit markets since late 2009, the discount rate was lowered to 13.5% for both the February and May 2010 assessments and again lowered to 13.0% for the August 2010 assessment. As part of the year end impairment testing, the discount rate was increased to 13.5% and we reduced our operating cash flow projections and assumptions compared to the interim assessments based on declining revenue projections and actual results which did not meet budget.

Below are some of the key assumptions used in the income approach model for estimating the fair value for Reach Media for all interim, annual and year end assessments since January 2010. When compared to the discount rates used for assessing radio market reporting units, the higher discount rates used in these assessments reflect a premium for a riskier and broader media business, with a heavier concentration and significantly higher amount of programming content related intangible assets that are highly dependent on the on-air personality Tom Joyner. As a result of the February, May and August 2010 interim assessments, the Company concluded no impairment to the carrying value of Reach Media had occurred. During the fourth quarter, Reach Media's operating performance continued to decline, but at a decreasing rate. We believe this represented an impairment indicator and as a result, we performed a year end impairment assessment at December 31, 2010. We recorded an impairment charge of \$16.1 million during the quarter ended December 31, 2010 in connection with this assessment. We performed an interim impairment assessment at March 31, 2011 as Reach Media did not meet its budgeted operating cash flow for the first quarter. As a result of the March 2011 interim impairment test, the Company concluded that the carrying value of goodwill attributable to Reach Media had not been impaired.

Reach Media Goodwill (Reporting Unit Within the Radio Broadcasting

Segment)	Febru	uary 28, 2010	Ma	ay 31, 2010	Αι	igust 31, 2010	De	cember 31, 2010	M	farch 31, 2011
Pre-tax impairment charge	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	16.1	\$	_
Discount Rate		13.5%		13.5%		13.0%		13.5%		13.5%
2010 (Year 1) Revenue Growth Rate		8.5%		2.5%		2.5%		2.5%		2.5%
Long-term Revenue Growth Rate Range		2.5% - 3.0%		2.5% - 2.9%		2.5% - 3.3%		(2.6)% - 4.4%		(1.3)% - 4.9%
Operating Profit Margin Range		22.7% - 31.4%	:	23.3% - 31.5%		25.5% - 31.2%		15.5% - 25.9%		16.2% - 27.4%

As part of our annual testing, when arriving at the estimated fair values for radio broadcasting licenses and goodwill, we also performed a reasonableness test by comparing our overall average implied multiple based on our cash flow projections and fair values to recently completed sales transactions, and by comparing our fair value estimates to the market capitalization of the Company. The results of these comparisons confirmed that the fair value estimates resulting from our annual assessment for 2010 were reasonable.

Sensitivity Analysis

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We believe both the estimates and assumptions we utilized when assessing the potential for impairment are individually and in aggregate reasonable; however, our estimates and assumptions are highly judgmental in nature. Further, there are inherent uncertainties related to these estimates and assumptions and our judgment in applying them to the impairment analysis. While we believe we have made reasonable estimates and assumptions to calculate the fair values, changes in any one estimate, assumption or a combination of estimates and assumptions, or changes in certain events or circumstances (including uncontrollable events and circumstances resulting from deterioration in the economy or credit markets) could require us to assess recoverability of broadcasting licenses and goodwill at times other than our annual October 1 assessments, and could result in changes to our estimated fair values and further write-downs to the carrying values of these assets. Impairment charges are non-cash in nature, and as with past impairment charges, any future impairment charges will not impact our cash needs or liquidity or our bank covenant compliance.

As of March 31, 2011, we had a total goodwill carrying value of approximately \$121.4 million across 12 of our 19 reporting units. The below table indicates the long-term cash flow growth rates assumed in our impairment testing and the long-term cash flow growth/decline rates that would result in additional goodwill impairment. For three of the reporting units, given each of their significant fair value over carrying value excess, any future goodwill impairment is not likely. However, should our estimates and assumptions for assessing the fair values of the remaining reporting units with goodwill worsen to reflect the below or lower cash flow growth/decline rates, additional goodwill impairments may be warranted in the future.

Long-Term Cash Flow Growth/Decline Rate That Would Result in

(6.3)%

(7.2)%

(24.0)%

Reporting Unit	Long-Term Cash Flow Growth Rate Used	Impairment (a)
2	2.0%	Impairment not likely
16	2.5%	Impairment not likely
11	1.5%	Impairment not likely
5	1.5%	0.0%
12	2.0%	0.0%
7	1.5%	(0.4)%
6	1.5%	(1.5)%
19	2.5%	(2.1)%
1	2.0%	(2.7)%

(a) The long-term cash flow growth/decline rate that would result in additional goodwill impairment applies only to further goodwill impairment and not to any future license impairment that would result from lowering the long-term cash flow growth rates used.

2.5%

2.0%

3.0%

Several of the licenses in our units of accounting have no or limited excess of fair values over their respective carrying values. The Company last measured the fair value of its radio broadcasting licenses as of October 1, 2010 in connection with its 2010 annual impairment test. Economic conditions continue to have stabilized since our 2010 annual assessment and no triggering events have occurred requiring the Company to update the valuation since then. Should our estimates, assumptions, or events or circumstances for any upcoming valuations worsen in the units with no or limited fair value cushion, additional license impairments may be needed in the future.

In addition to assessing the fair value of Reach Media as of March 2011, we performed a sensitivity analysis showing the impact resulting from: (i) a 1% or 100 basis point decrease in Reach Media growth rates; (ii) a 1% or 100 basis point decrease in cash flow margins; (iii) a 1% or 100 basis point increase in the discount rate; and (iv) both a 5% and 10% reduction in the fair values of Reach Media. A hypothetical change in all of the stated factors did not result in any impairment.

Impairment of Intangible Assets Excluding Goodwill and Radio Broadcasting Licenses

Intangible assets, excluding goodwill and radio broadcasting licenses, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or group of assets may not be fully recoverable. These events or changes in circumstances may include a significant deterioration of operating results, changes in business plans, or changes in anticipated future cash flows. If an impairment indicator is present, we will evaluate recoverability by a comparison of the carrying amount of the assets to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the assets. Assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there is identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows generated by other asset groups. If the assets are impaired, the impairment is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value of the assets determined by estimates of discounted cash flows. The discount rate used in any estimate of discounted cash flows would be the rate required for a similar investment of like risk. There were no impairment triggering events for these assets for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We must make estimates of the uncollectability of our accounts receivable. We specifically review historical write-off activity by market, large customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness and changes in our customer payment terms when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts. In the past four years, including the quarter ended March 31, 2011, our historical bad debt results have averaged approximately 5.1% of our outstanding trade receivables and have been a reliable method to estimate future allowances. If the financial condition of our customers or markets were to deteriorate, adversely affecting their ability to make payments, additional allowances could be required.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue for broadcast advertising when the commercial is broadcast and we report revenue net of agency and outside sales representative commissions in accordance with ASC 605, "Revenue Recognition." When applicable, agency and outside sales representative commissions are calculated based on a stated percentage applied to gross billing. Generally, advertisers remit the gross billing amount to the agency or outside sales representative, and the agency or outside sales representative remits the gross billing, less their commission, to us.

Our online business recognizes its advertising revenue as impressions (the number of times advertisements appear in viewed pages) are delivered, when "click through" purchases or leads are reported, or ratably over the contract period, where applicable.

Equity Accounting

We account for our investment in TV One under the equity method of accounting in accordance with ASC 323, "Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures." We have recorded our investment at cost and have adjusted the carrying amount of the investment to recognize the change in Radio One's claim on the net assets of TV One resulting from net income or losses of TV One as well as other capital transactions of TV One using a hypothetical liquidation at book value approach. We will review the realizability of the investment if conditions are present or events occur to suggest that an impairment of the investment may exist. Beginning in the quarter ending June 30, 2011, the Company expects to begin to account for TV One on a consolidated basis.

Contingencies and Litigation

We regularly evaluate our exposure relating to any contingencies or litigation and record a liability when available information indicates that a liability is probable and estimable. We also disclose significant matters that are reasonably possible to result in a loss, or are probable but for which an estimate of the liability is not currently available. To the extent actual contingencies and litigation outcomes differ from amounts previously recorded, additional amounts may need to be reflected.

Estimate of Effective Tax Rates

We estimate the provision for income taxes, income tax liabilities, deferred tax assets and liabilities, and any valuation allowances in accordance with ASC 740, "Income Taxes," as it relates to accounting for income taxes in interim periods. We estimate effective tax rates based on local tax laws and statutory rates, apportionment factors, taxable income for our filing jurisdictions and disallowable items, among other factors. Audits by the Internal Revenue Service or state and local tax authorities could yield different interpretations from our own, and differences between taxes recorded and taxes owed per our filed returns could cause us to record additional taxes.

To address the exposures of unrecognized tax positions, in January 2007, we adopted ASC 740 pertaining to the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, which recognizes the impact of a tax position in the financial statements if it is more likely than not that the position would be sustained on audit based on the technical merits of the position. As of March 31, 2011, we had approximately \$5.8 million in unrecognized tax benefits. Future outcomes of our tax positions may be more or less than the currently recorded liability, which could result in recording additional taxes, or reversing some portion of the liability, and recognizing a tax benefit once it is determined the liability is either inadequate or no longer necessary as potential issues get resolved, or as statutes of limitations in various tax jurisdictions close.

Realizability of Deferred Tax Balances

Except for DTAs that may be benefited by future reversing deferred tax liabilities ("DTLs") and DTAs related to Reach Media, the Company maintains a full valuation allowance for its DTAs, mainly NOLs, as it was determined that more likely than not, the DTAs would not be realized. The Company reached this determination based on its then cumulative loss position and the uncertainty of future taxable income. Consistent with that prior realizability assessment, the Company has recorded a full valuation allowance for additional NOLs generated from the tax deductible amortization of indefinite-lived assets, as well as DTAs created by impairment charges. For remaining DTAs that are not fully reserved, we believe that these assets will be realized; however, if we do not generate the projected levels of future taxable income in those specific jurisdictions, an additional valuation allowance may need to be recorded in the future.

Fair Value Measurements

The Company has accounted for an award called for in the CEO's employment agreement (the "Employment Agreement") as a derivative instrument in accordance with ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." According to the Employment Agreement, which was executed in April 2008, the CEO is eligible to receive an award amount equal to 8% of any proceeds from distributions or other liquidity events in excess of the return of the Company's aggregate investment in TV One. The Company's obligation to pay the award will be triggered only after the Company's recovery of the aggregate amount of its capital contribution in TV One and only upon actual receipt of distributions of cash or marketable securities or proceeds from a liquidity event with respect to the Company's membership interest in TV One. The CEO was fully vested in the award upon execution of the agreement, and the award lapses upon expiration of the Employment Agreement, or earlier, if the CEO voluntarily left the Company or was terminated for cause. The Company is currently in negotiations with the Company's CEO for a new employment agreement. Until such time as his new employment agreement is executed, the terms of his April 2008 employment agreement remain in effect including eligibility for the TV One award.

The Company reassessed the estimated fair value of the award as of March 31, 2011 at approximately \$6.8 million and, accordingly, recorded compensation expense and a liability for that amount. The fair value of the award as of December 31, 2010 was approximately \$6.8 million. The fair valuation incorporated a number of assumptions and estimates, including but not limited to TV One's future financial projections, probability factors and the likelihood of various scenarios that would trigger payment of the award. As the Company will measure changes in the fair value of this award at each reporting period as warranted by certain circumstances, different estimates or assumptions may result in a change to the fair value of the award amount previously recorded.

With the assistance of a third-party valuation firm, the Company assesses the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interest in Reach Media as of the end of each reporting period. The fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests as of March 31, 2011 was approximately \$31.3 million. The determination of fair value incorporated a number of assumptions and estimates including, but not limited to, forecasted operating results, discount rates and a terminal value. Different estimates and assumptions may result in a change to the fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interests amount previously recorded.

Redeemable noncontrolling interests

Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries that are redeemable outside of the Company's control for cash or other assets are classified as mezzanine equity and measured at the greater of estimated redemption value at the end of each reporting period or the historical cost basis of the noncontrolling interests adjusted for cumulative earnings allocations. The resulting increases or decreases in the estimated redemption amount are affected by corresponding charges against retained earnings, or in the absence of retained earnings, additional paid-in-capital.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2009, the FASB issued ASC 105, "Generally Accepted Accounting Principles," which establishes the ASC as the source of authoritative non-SEC U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for non-governmental entities. ASC 105 is effective for financial statements issued for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The adoption of ASC 105 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued ASC 855, "Subsequent Events," which addresses accounting and disclosure requirements related to subsequent events. It requires management to evaluate subsequent events through the date the financial statements are either issued or available to be issued. In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-09, which amends ASC 855 to remove all requirements for SEC filers to disclose the date through which subsequent events are considered. The amendment became effective upon issuance. The Company has provided the required disclosures regarding subsequent events in Note 14 – Subsequent Events.

The provisions under ASC 825, "Financial Instruments," requiring disclosures about fair value of financial instruments for interim reporting periods of publicly traded companies, as well as in annual financial statements became effective for the Company during the quarter ended June 30, 2009. The additional disclosures required under ASC 825 are included in Note 1 – Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Effective January 1, 2009, the provisions under ASC 350, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other," related to the determination of the useful life of intangible assets and requiring additional disclosures related to renewing or extending the terms of recognized intangible assets became effective for the Company. The adoption of these provisions did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted an accounting standard update from the Emerging Issues Task Force consensus regarding the accounting for contingent consideration agreements of an equity method investment and the requirement for the investor to recognize its share of any impairment charges recorded by the investee. This update to ASC 323, "Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures," requires the investor to record share issuances by the investee as if it has sold a portion of its investment with any resulting gain or loss being reflected in earnings. The adoption of this update did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL AND COMMERICAL COMMITMENTS:

Radio Broadcasting Licenses

Each of the Company's radio stations operates pursuant to one or more licenses issued by the Federal Communications Commission that have a maximum term of eight years prior to renewal. The Company's radio broadcasting licenses expire at various times beginning October 1, 2011 through August 1, 2014. Although the Company may apply to renew its radio broadcasting licenses, third parties may challenge the Company's renewal applications. The Company is not aware of any facts or circumstances that would prevent the Company from having its current licenses renewed.

TV One Cable Network

Pursuant to a limited liability company agreement dated July 18, 2003, the Company and certain other investors formed TV One for the purpose of developing and distributing a new television programming service. At that time, we committed to make a cumulative cash investment in TV One of \$74.0 million, of which \$60.3 million had been funded as of April 30, 2007. Since December 31, 2006, the initial four year commitment period for funding the capital had extended on a quarterly basis due in part to TV One's lower than anticipated capital needs. We funded our remaining capital commitment amount of approximately \$13.7 million on April 19, 2011 and currently anticipate no further capital commitment.

Indebtedness

The total amount available under our 2011 Credit Agreement is \$411.0 million, consisting of a \$386.0 term loan facility that matures on March 31, 2016 and a \$25.0 million revolving loan facility that matures on March 31, 2015. We also have outstanding \$747,000 in 6 $^{3}/_{8}$ % Senior Subordinated Notes due February 2013 and \$292.6 million in our $12 \, ^{1}/_{2}$ %/15% Senior Subordinated Notes due May 2016. Reach Media issued a \$1.0 million promissory note payable in November 2009 to a subsidiary of Citadel. The note was issued in connection with Reach Media reacquiring Citadel's noncontrolling stock ownership in Reach Media as well as entering into a new sales representation agreement with Radio Networks, a subsidiary of Citadel. The note bears interest at 7.0% per annum, which is payable quarterly, and the entire principal amount is due on December 31, 2011. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Royalty Agreements

Effective December 31, 2009, our radio music license agreements with the two largest performance rights organizations, American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers ("ASCAP") and Broadcast Music, Inc. ("BMI") expired. The Radio Music License Committee ("RMLC"), which negotiates music licensing fees for most of the radio industry with ASCAP and BMI, has reached an agreement with these organizations on a temporary fee schedule that reflects a provisional discount of 7.0% against 2009 fee levels. The temporary fee reductions became effective in January 2010. Absent an agreement on long-term fees between the RMLC and ASCAP and BMI, the U.S. District Court in New York has the authority to make an interim and permanent fee ruling for the new contract period. In May 2010 and June 2010, the U.S. District Court's judge charged with determining the licenses fees ruled to further reduce interim fees paid to ASCAP and BMI, respectively, down approximately another 11.0% from the previous temporary fees negotiated with the RMLC.

The Company has entered into other fixed and variable fee music license agreements with other performance rights organizations, which expire as late as December 2015. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company incurred expenses of approximately \$2.8 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, in connection with these agreements.

Lease obligations

We have non-cancelable operating leases for office space, studio space, broadcast towers and transmitter facilities that expire over the next 19 years.

Operating Contracts and Agreements

We have other operating contracts and agreements including employment contracts, on-air talent contracts, severance obligations, retention bonuses, consulting agreements, equipment rental agreements, programming related agreements, and other general operating agreements that expire over the next five years.

Reach Media Noncontrolling Interests Shareholders' Put Rights

Beginning on February 28, 2012, the noncontrolling interest shareholders of Reach Media have an annual right to require Reach Media to purchase all or a portion of their shares at the then current fair market value for such shares. Beginning in 2012, this annual right can be exercised for a 30-day period beginning February 28 of each year. The purchase price for such shares may be paid in cash and/or registered Class D Common Stock of Radio One, at the discretion of Radio One. As a result, our ability to fund business operations, new acquisitions or new business initiatives could be limited.

Contractual Obligations Schedule

The following table represents our contractual obligations as of March 31, 2011:

	Payments Due by Period											
											2016 and	
Contractual Obligations		2011		2012	20	13		2014		2015	Beyond	Total
							(In thousands	s)			
6 ³ / ₈ % Senior Subordinated Notes(1)	\$	36	\$	48	\$	753	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 837
12 ¹ / ₂ %/15% Senior Subordinated												
Notes(1)		34,169		43,838		40,879		40,879		40,879	339,980	540,624
Credit facilities(2)		25,202		33,034		33,034		33,034		33,034	374,958	532,296
Note payable(3)		1,053		_		_		_		_	_	1,053
Other operating contracts/												
agreements(4)		27,561		28,434		12,572		11,101		59	201	79,928
Operating lease obligations		6,508		6,958		5,505		4,620		3,468	12,094	39,153
TV One capital commitment (5)		13,700						<u> </u>				 13,700
Total	\$	108,229	\$	112,312	\$	92,743	\$	89,634	\$	77,440	\$ 727,233	\$ 1,207,591

- (1) Includes interest obligations based on current effective interest rate on senior subordinated notes outstanding as of March 31, 2011.
- (2) Includes interest obligations based on current effective interest rate and projected interest expense on credit facilities outstanding as of March 31, 2011.
- (3) Represents a \$1.0 million promissory note payable issued in November 2009 by Reach Media to a subsidiary of Citadel. The note was issued in connection with Reach Media reacquiring Citadel's noncontrolling stock ownership in Reach Media as well as entering into a new sales representation agreement with Radio Networks, a subsidiary of Citadel. The note bears interest at 7.0% per annum, which is payable quarterly, and the entire principal amount is due on December 31, 2011.
- (4) Includes employment contracts, severance obligations, on-air talent contracts, consulting agreements, equipment rental agreements, programming related agreements, and other general operating agreements.
- (5) Represents funding of our remaining TV One capital commitment.

As of December 31, 2010, we had a swap agreement in place for a total notional amount of \$25.0 million. At that point, the period remaining on the swap agreement was 18 months. As of March 31, 2011, the remaining \$25.0 million swap agreement was terminated in conjunction with the March 31, 2011 retirement of our previous Credit Agreement.

Other Contingencies

The Company has been named as a defendant in several legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. It is management's opinion, after consultation with its legal counsel, that the outcome of these claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of March 31, 2011, we had four standby letters of credit totaling \$676,500 in connection with our annual insurance policy renewals. In addition Reach Media had a letter of credit of \$500,000.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's CEO and Chairperson own a music company called Music One, Inc. ("Music One"). The Company sometimes engages in promoting the recorded music product of Music One. Based on the cross-promotional value received by the Company, we believe that the provision of such promotion is fair. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, Radio One paid \$4,000 and \$6,000, respectively, to or on behalf of Music One, primarily for market talent event appearances, travel reimbursement and sponsorships. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company provided no advertising services to Music One. There were no cash, trade or no-charge orders placed by Music One for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. As of March 31, 2011, Music One owed Radio One \$124,000 for office space and administrative services provided. Subsequent to March 31, 2011, this balance was satisfied in full.

The office space and administrative support transactions between Radio One and Music One are conducted at cost and all expenses associated with the transactions are passed through at actual costs. Costs associated with office space on behalf of Music One are calculated based on square footage used by Music One, multiplied by Radio One's actual per square foot lease costs for the appropriate time period. Administrative services are calculated based on the approximate hours provided by each Radio One employee to Music One, multiplied by such employee's applicable hourly rate and related benefits allocation. Advertising spots are priced at an average unit rate. Based on the cross-promotional nature of the activities provided by Music One and received by the Company, we believe that these methodologies of charging average unit rates or passing through the actual costs incurred are fair and reflect terms no more favorable than terms generally available to a third-party.

Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting Radio One, see Item 7A: "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. Our exposure related to market risk has not changed materially since December 31, 2010.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures

We have carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be included in our periodic SEC reports. Disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, are controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, our management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide a reasonable level of assurance of reaching our desired disclosure controls objectives. Our management, including our CEO and CFO, has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in reaching that level of reasonable assurance.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In November 2001, Radio One and certain of its officers and directors were named as defendants in a class action shareholder complaint filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, captioned, In re Radio One, Inc. Initial Public Offering Securities Litigation, Case No. 01-CV-10160. Similar complaints were filed in the same court against hundreds of other public companies (Issuers) that conducted initial public offerings of their common stock in the late 1990s ("the IPO Cases"). In the complaint filed against Radio One (as amended), the plaintiffs claimed that Radio One, certain of its officers and directors, and the underwriters of certain of its public offerings violated Section 11 of the Securities Act. The plaintiffs' claim was based on allegations that Radio One's registration statement and prospectus failed to disclose material facts regarding the compensation to be received by the underwriters, and the stock allocation practices of the underwriters. The complaint also contains a claim for violation of Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 based on allegations that these omissions constituted a deceit on investors. The plaintiffs seek unspecified monetary damages and other relief.

In July 2002, Radio One joined in a global motion, filed by the Issuers, to dismiss the IPO Lawsuits. In October 2002, the court entered an order dismissing the Company's named officers and directors from the IPO Lawsuits without prejudice, pursuant to an agreement tolling the statute of limitations with respect to Radio One's officers and directors until September 30, 2003. In February 2003, the court issued a decision denying the motion to dismiss the Section 11 and Section 10(b) claims against Radio One and most of the Issuers.

In July 2003, a Special Litigation Committee of Radio One's board of directors approved in principle a tentative settlement with the plaintiffs. The proposed settlement would have provided for the dismissal with prejudice of all claims against the participating Issuers and their officers and directors in the IPO Cases and the assignment to plaintiffs of certain potential claims that the Issuers may have against their underwriters. In September 2003, in connection with the proposed settlement, Radio One's named officers and directors extended the tolling agreement so that it would not expire prior to any settlement being finalized. In June 2004, Radio One executed a final settlement agreement with the plaintiffs. In 2005, the court issued a decision certifying a class action for settlement purposes and granting preliminary approval of the settlement. On February 24, 2006, the court dismissed litigation filed against certain underwriters in connection with the claims to be assigned to the plaintiffs under the settlement. On April 24, 2006, the court held a Final Fairness Hearing to determine whether to grant final approval of the settlement. On December 5, 2006, the Second Circuit Court of Appeals vacated the district court's earlier decision certifying as class actions the six IPO Cases designated as "focus cases." Thereafter, the district court ordered a stay of all proceedings in all of the IPO Cases pending the outcome of plaintiffs' petition to the Second Circuit for rehearing en banc and resolution of the class certification issue. On April 6, 2007, the Second Circuit denied plaintiffs' rehearing petition, but clarified that the plaintiffs may seek to certify a more limited class in the district court. Accordingly, the settlement was terminated pursuant to stipulation of the parties and did not receive final approval.

Plaintiffs filed amended complaints in the six "focus cases" on or about August 14, 2007. Radio One is not a defendant in the focus cases. In September 2007, Radio One's named officers and directors again extended the tolling agreement with plaintiffs. On or about September 27, 2007, plaintiffs moved to certify the classes alleged in the "focus cases" and to appoint class representatives and class counsel in those cases. The focus cases issuers filed motions to dismiss the claims against them in November 2007 and an opposition to plaintiffs' motion for the class certification in December 2007. On March 16, 2008, the district court denied the motions to dismiss in the focus cases. In August 2008, the parties to the IPO Cases began mediation toward a global settlement of the IPO Cases. In September 2008, Radio One's board of directors approved in principle participation in a tentative settlement with the plaintiffs. On October 2, 2008, the plaintiffs withdrew their class certification motion. In April 2009, a global settlement was reached in the IPO Cases and submitted to the district court for approval. On June 9, 2009, the court granted preliminary approval of the proposed settlement and ordered that notice of the settlement be published and mailed to class members. On September 10, 2009, the court held a Final Fairness Hearing. On October 6, 2009, the court certified the settlement class in each IPO Case and granted final approval of the settlement. On or about October 23, 2009, three shareholders filed a Petition for Permission To Appeal Class Certification Order, challenging the court's certification of the settlement classes. Beginning on October 29, 2009, a number of shareholders also filed direct appeals, objecting to final approval of the settlement. If the settlement is affirmed on appeal, the settlement will result in the dismissal of all claims against Radio One and its officers and directors with prejudice, and our pro rata share of the settlement fund will be fully funded by insurance.

Radio One is involved from time to time in various routine legal and administrative proceedings and threatened legal and administrative proceedings incidental to the ordinary course of our business. Radio One believes the resolution of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (the "2010 Annual Report"), which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our 2010 Annual Report, as updated by our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us, or that we currently deem to be immaterial, may also materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Removed and Reserved

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
21.1	Codification of Chief Francis and Continuous and Continuous Chief Code Code Code Code Code Code Code Code
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RADIO ONE, INC.

/s/ PETER D. THOMPSON

Peter D. Thompson Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

May 13, 2011

I, Alfred C. Liggins, III, Chief Executive Officer and President of Radio One, Inc., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Radio One, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's first fiscal quarter in the case of this report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: <u>/s/ Alfred C. Liggins, III</u>
Alfred C. Liggins, III

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 13, 2011

I, Peter D. Thompson, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer of Radio One, Inc., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Radio One, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(i) for the registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to
 ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those
 entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the
 effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's first fiscal quarter in the case of this report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: <u>/s/ Peter D. Thompson</u>
Peter D. Thompson

Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

Date: May 13, 2011

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Radio One, Inc. (the "Company") hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- (i) the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: <u>/s/ Alfred C. Liggins, III</u>

Name: Alfred C. Liggins, III

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 13, 2011

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Radio One, Inc. and will be retained by Radio One, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Radio One, Inc. (the "Company") hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

- (i) The accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Peter D. Thompson
Name: Peter D. Thompson

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 13, 2011

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Radio One, Inc. and will be retained by Radio One, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.